

# Anekant Education Society's TuljaramChaturchand College, Baramati

Autonomous

# Department of Economics

One Year Degree Program in

**Economics** 

Faculty of Mental Moral& Social Science

**Revised Syllabus for** 

B.A. First Year Semester -I

For TuljaramChaturchand College, Baramati

NEP 2020

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus To be implemented from Academic Year 2023-2024

### Title of the Program :B.A.Economics

### Preamble

### Introduction:

TuljaramChaturchand College has decided to change the syllabusof various faculties from June, 2023. Taking into consideration the rapid changes in global scenario and new approaches in different areas of economics and related subjects, Board of Studies in Economics of TuljaramChaturchand College, Baramati - Pune has prepared the syllabus of B. A. Economicsunder the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS). The model curriculum as developed by U.G.C. is used as a guideline for the present syllabus. "The Bachelor of Arts in Economics program is designed to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of economic principles and their applications. It aims to equip students with the analytical tools and critical thinking skills necessary to analyse economic phenomena and make informed decisions. The BA Economics program combines theoretical knowledge with practical applications, providing students with a solid foundation in economic theory, quantitative methods, and empirical analysis. Through a carefully structured curriculum, students will develop a deep understanding of microeconomics, macroeconomics, econometrics, and other relevant areas of study.

The program emphasizes the development of analytical thinking, problem-solving abilities, and effective communication skills. Students will learn to apply economic concepts and theories to real-world scenarios, evaluate policy implications, and assess the impact of economic decisions on individuals, businesses, and societies.Furthermore, the BA Economics program encourages students to explore specialized areas of interest within the field of economics. Through elective courses, students can choose to delve deeper into areas such as international economics, development economics, environmental economics, or financial economics, aligning their studies with their career aspirations or personal interests.

The program also recognizes the importance of research skills and provides opportunities for students to engage in independent research projects. Under the guidance of faculty members, students will develop the ability to formulate research questions, collect and analyse data, and present their findings effectively. Throughout their studies, students will be exposed to the ethical considerations and social implications of economic decisions. The program aims to install a sense of social responsibility and an understanding of the role of economics in addressing contemporary challenges, such as income inequality, environmental sustainability, and global economic issues. Upon completion of the BA Economics program, graduates will be equipped with a strong foundation in economic theory and analysis, making them well-prepared for diverse career paths. Graduates may pursue careers in areas such as finance, banking, consulting, public policy, research, or further academic study in economics or related fields.

The BA in Economics program is committed to fostering an inclusive and supportive learning environment, encouraging intellectual curiosity, and promoting interdisciplinary perspectives. It aims to produce graduates who are equipped to contribute to the advancement of knowledge in economics and engage in meaningful economic discourse in their professional and personal lives.

### Aims and Objectives of the new Curriculum:

The program objectives of a Bachelor's degree in Economics (BA Economics) are includes :

- 1. Foundation in Economic Theory: The program aims to provide students with a solid understanding of fundamental economic concepts, theories, and models. Students will learn about topics such as supply and demand, market structures, consumer behaviour, and aggregate economic analysis.
- 2. Analytical Skills: BA Economics programs aim to develop students' analytical and critical thinking skills. Students will learn to apply economic principles to analyse and solve real-world problems, evaluate economic policies, and make informed decisions.
- 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills: Economics relies on quantitative methods and data analysis. The program aims to equip students with the necessary quantitative skills to understand and interpret economic data. Students will learn to use statistical techniques, econometric models, and economic software to analyse economic phenomena.
- 4. Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics: BA Economics programs typically cover both microeconomics and macroeconomics. The objective is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of how individual economic agents (such as households and firms) interact and how the overall economy functions.
- 5. Application of Economics to Real-World Issues: The program aims to demonstrate the practical application of economic principles to real-world issues. Students will explore the economic implications of current events, public policies, and global economic challenges. They will learn to analyse economic problems and propose appropriate solutions.
- 6. Communication Skills: Effective communication is vital in economics. BA Economics programs aim to improve students' written and oral communication skills. Students will learn to present economic analysis, write reports and research papers, and effectively communicate complex economic concepts to diverse audiences.
- 7. Awareness of Global and Socioeconomic Context: Economics operates within a broader global and socioeconomic context. The program aims to foster students' understanding of the social, cultural, and political factors that influence economic systems and outcomes. Students will explore the role of economics in addressing issues such as poverty, inequality, sustainability, and economic development.
- 8. Research Skills: BA Economics programs often introduce students to basic research methods and techniques. The objective is to develop their research skills, including the ability to gather and analyse relevant economic data, conduct literature reviews, and present research findings.
- 9. Ethical Awareness: Economics raises ethical considerations in decision-making and policy analysis. BA Economics programs aim to develop students' awareness of ethical issues and their implications in economic contexts. Students will explore the ethical dimensions of economic decision-making and the social impact of economic policies.
- 10. Professional and Career Development: BA Economics programs often provide resources and guidance for students' professional and career development. This includes assisting students in understanding career opportunities in various sectors, developing job search skills, and promoting the application of economic knowledge and skills in professional settings.

### : Programme Outcomes (Pos) (B.A.Economics):

**PSO1.**Economic Knowledge: Graduates of a BA Economics program should have a solid understanding of economic theories, principles, and concepts. They should be able to explain fundamental economic ideas, analyse economic phenomena, and apply economic frameworks to real-world situations.

**PSO2.** Analytical Skills: BA Economics programs aim to develop students' analytical and critical thinking skills. Graduates should be able to identify and evaluate economic problems, analyse data using appropriate quantitative methods, and draw logical conclusions based on economic analysis.

**PSO3.**Quantitative Literacy: Economics often involves working with numerical data and applying statistical techniques. BA Economics graduates should possess quantitative literacy, including the ability toj interpret and analyse economic data, understand economic relationships, and use statistical tools to draw meaningful insights.

- **PSO4.**Communication Skills: Effective communication is essential in economics. Graduates should be able to communicate economic concepts and findings clearly and effectively, both in written and oral forms. They should be capable of presenting economic analysis, writing reports, and explaining economic ideas to diverse audiences.
- **PSO5.** Economic Policy Analysis: BA Economics programs often focus on policy analysis, providing graduates with the ability to evaluate the impact of economic policies. Graduates should be able to assess the consequences of policy decisions, understand trade-offs, and provide informed recommendations based on economic analysis.
- **PSO6.** Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics: BA Economics graduates should have a solid foundation in both microeconomics and macroeconomics. They should be able to analyse the behaviour of individual economic agents (microeconomics) and understand aggregate economic phenomena such as economic growth, inflation, and unemployment (macroeconomics).

PSO7. Awareness of Global Economic Issues: Economics operates within a global context, and

- BA Economics graduates should have an awareness of global economic issues. They should be familiar with international trade, economic integration, global financial markets, and the impact of global events on national economies.
- **PSO8.**Research Skills: BA Economics programs often introduce students to basic research methods and techniques. Graduates should possess research skills, including the ability to gather and analyse economic data, conduct literature reviews, and understand research methodologies used in economics.
- **PSO9.** Ethical Awareness: Economics raises ethical considerations in decision-making and policy analysis. BA Economics graduates should have an awareness of ethical issues in economics and an understanding of the social implications of economic decisions and policies.
- **PSO10.** Career Readiness: BA Economics programs aim to prepare graduates for various career paths. Graduates should possess skills that are relevant to careers in fields such as finance, banking, consulting, public policy, research, or further academic study in economics or related fields.

### **Anekant Education Society's**

### Tuljaram Chaturchand College of Arts, Science and Commerce, Baramati

## Autonomous

# **Boardof Studies in Economics**

From 2022-23 to 2024-25

Sr.No.	Name	Designation
1.	Dr.Samadhan K. Patil	Chairman
2.	Mr. Sandeep B. Sabale	Member
3.	Dr. Chandrakant P. Kamble	Member
4.	Dr. Rahul N. Dhumal	Member
5.	Mr. Krushna V. Kulkarni	Member
6.	Dr. Jyotiram S. Ghadage	Member
7.	Dr. Versha H. Bhosale	Member
8.	Dr. Abasaheb Shinde	Vice-ChancellorNominee
9.	Dr. Naresh Bodake	Expert from other University
10.	Dr. Subhash Kombade	Expert from other University
11.	Mr. Prashanrt Raut	IndustryExpert
12.	Dr. Arvind Rithe	Meritorious Alumni
13.	Mr. Sivam Ughade	Student
14.	Mr. Aniket Padole	Student

BA First Year Sem I

### Credit Distribution Structure forB.A. First Year Economics

### With effect from Academic Year 2023-2024

Level	Semester	Majo	r	Minor	OE	VSC, SEC,	AEC, VEC, IKS	OJT, FP,	Cum.
		Mandatory	Electives			(VSEC)		CEP, CC, RP	Cr/Sem
		ECO-101-			ECO-116-OE:	ECO-121-VSC:	ENG-135-	CC1	
	Ι	MJM :			Indian	Introduction to	AEC1English	(2 credits)	22
		Introduction to			Economy I	Financial Markets I	(2 credits)		
		Micro			(2 credits)	(2 credits)			
		Economics I							
		(4 credits)							
		ECO-102-				ECO-126-SEC:	ECO-135-VEC		
		MJM :History			ECO-117-OE:	Financial Planning	Environmental		
		of Economic			Public	and Portfolio	Economics I		
4.5		Thought I			Finance I	Management I	(2 credits)		
		(2 credits)			(2 credits)	(2 credits)	ECO-137-IKS:		
							Ancient Indian		
							Economic Thoughts		
							(2 credits)		
		ECO-151-		ECO-161-	ECO-166-OE:	ECO-171-VSC:	ENG-181-AEC2:	CC2	
	II	MJM:		MN:	Indian	Introduction to	English	(2 credits)	22
		Introduction to		Fundamental	Economy II	Financial Markets	(2 credits)		
		Macro		s of Banking	(2 credits)				
		Economics		(2 credits)		(2 credits)			
		(4 credits)					<b>EGO 105</b>		
		ECO-152-			ECO-167-OE:	ECO-176-SEC	ECO-185-		
		MJM: History			Public	Financial Planning	VEC:Environmenta		
		of Economic			Finance II	and Portfolio	1 Economics II		
		Thought II			(2 credits)	Management II	(2 credits)		
		(2 credits)		•		(2 credits)	10		
	Cum Cr.	12		2	8	8	10	4	44

### **Course Structure for B.A. First Year Economics**

Sem	Course Type	<b>Course Code</b>	Title of Course	Theory /Practical	No. of Credits
-	Major [Mandatory]	ECO-101-MJM	Introduction to Micro Economics I	Theory	04
	Major [Mandatory]	ECO-102-MJM	History of Economic Thought I	Theory	02
	Open Elective	ECO-116-OE	Indian Economy I	Theory	02
	Open Elective	ECO-117-OE	Public Finance I	Theory	02
	Vocational Skill Course	ECO-121-VSC	Introduction to Financial Markets I	Theory	02
T	Skill Enhancement Course	ECO-126-SEC	Financial Planning and Portfolio Management I	Theory	02
Ι	Ability Enhancement Course	ENG-131-AEC	AECI I (English)	Theory	02
	Value Education Courses	ECO-135- VEC	Environmental Economics I	Theory	02
	Indian Knowledge System	ECO-137-IKS	Ancient Indian Economic Thoughts	Theory	02
	Co-curricular Course (CC)		To be Selected from the Basket	Theory	02
	Total Credits Semester - I				
	Major [Mandatory]	ECO-151-MJM	Introduction to Micro Economics II	Theory	04
	Major [Mandatory]	ECO-152-MJM	History of Economic Thought II	Theory	02
	Minor	ECO-161-MN	Fundamentals of Banking	Theory	02
	Open Elective	ECO-166-OE	Indian Economy II	Theory	02
	Open Elective	ECO-167-OE	Public Finance II	Theory	02
II	Vocational Skill Course	ECO-171-VSC	Introduction to Financial Markets II	Theory	02
	Skill Enhancement Course	ECO-176-SEC	Financial Planning and Portfolio Management II	Theory	02
	Ability Enhancement Course	ENG-181-AEC	AECI -2 (English)	Theory	02
	Value Education Courses (VEC)	ECO-185-VEC	Environmental Economics II	Theory	02
	Co-curricular Course (CC)		To be Selected from the Basket	Theory	02
	Total Credits Semester - II				

## With effect from Academic Year 2023-2024

### (W .e. from June, 2023)

Name of the Programme	: B.A
Subject	: Economics
Program Code	: UAECO
Class	: F.Y.B.A.
Semester	: I
Course Type	: Major (Mandatory)
Course Name	: Introduction to Micro Economics- I
Course Code	: ECO-101-MJM
No. of Lectures	: 60
No. of Credits	: 04

### A) COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1) Introduce tools and methods of economic analysis that will serve as the basis for other courses in economics.

2) To understand the basic concepts of Micro Economics.

3) To understand the rational behavior of consumer as well as producer.

4) To understand the different aspects of utility.

5) To understand the various aspects of demand,

6) To understand the theories of production.

7) To understand the various aspects of cost and revenue.

### **B) COURSE OUTCOMES:**

1) Analyze Traditional and Modern Definitions of economics.

2) Understand about Methodology in economics.

3) Perform supply and demand analysis to analyze the impact of economic events on Markets.

4) Analyze the behavior of consumers in terms of the demand for products.

5) Analyze the performance of firms under different situations.

6) Recognize market failure and the role of government in dealing with those failures.

7) Use economic analysis to evaluate controversial issues and policies.

### **TOPICS / CONTENTS**

### **UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION**

1.1 Microeconomics – Meaning, Nature, Scope, Importance & limitations.

1.2 Basic Economic Problems - Scarcity & choice.

1.3 Tools of Economic Analysis – Functional relationships, Schedules, Graphs & Equation.

### **UNIT 2: DEMAND ANALYSIS**

- 2.1 Demand- Meaning and Concept
- 2.2 The Law of Demand
- 2.3 Elasticity of Demand-Concept and Types.

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### UNIT 3: UTILITY ANALYSIS

3.1 Utility – Meaning, Concept and Features.

3.2 Cardinal Utility-The law of diminishing Marginal Utility.

3.3 Ordinal Utility - Indifference curve - Concept and Properties, Consumer Equilibrium.

### UNIT 4: SUPPLY ANALYSIS.

4.1 Supply-Meaning and Concept.

4.2 The Law of Supply.

4.3 Elasticity of Supply-Concept and Types.

### **UNIT 5: PRODUCTION FUNCTION**

5.1 Production function – Meaning and Concept

5.2 law of Variable Proportions - The Three Stages.

5.3 Law of returns to scale - The Three Stages.

### **UNIT 6: COST AND REVENUE ANALYSIS**

6.1 Cost Concepts - Fixed Cost, Variable Cost, Average & Marginal cost, Total cost, Opportunity cost, Economic Cost, Accounting Cost.

6.2 Revenue Concept-Total, Average & Marginal Revenue.

6.3 Relation between Total, Average and Marginal Revenue.

### **REFERENCES:**

1.Bach. G.L. (1977), Economics, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
2.Gauld. J.P. and Edward P.L. (1996), Microeconomic Theory, RichardIrwin, Homewood.
3. Henderson J. and R.E. Quandt (1980), Microeconomic Theory : AMathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
4.Heathfield and Wibe (1987), An Introduction to Cost and Production Functions, Macmillan,

London. 5. Koutsoyiannis, A. (1990) Modern Microeconomics, Macmillan.

6.Lipsey, R.G. and K.A. Chrystal (1999) Principles of Economics (9th Edition),Oxford University Press

7. Mansfield, E. (1997) Microeconomics (9th Edition), W.W. Norton and Company, New York.

8. Ray, N.C. (1975), An Introduction to Microeconomics, MacmillanCompany of India Ltd., Delhi.

9.D.N. Dwidedi, Micro Economic Theory and Applications, Pearsoneducation.

10.G.S. Maddala And Ellen, Micro Economics Theory and Application, Tata McGraw Hill.

11.R.K.Datir& Other, SukshmaArthashastra, NiraliPrakashan, Pune.

12. Jhingan M.L., Micro Economic Theory, Virinda Publication, Delhi

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POs	COs	Justification
PO 1. Foundation in Economic Theory	CO1: Analyze Traditional and Modern Definitions of economics.	Understanding the foundational definitions of economics is crucial for building a strong theoretical framework in economic studies.
	CO2: Understand about Methodology in economics.	Knowledge of economic methodology is essential for grasping the principles and approaches used in economic analysis and research.
	CO3: Perform supply and demand analysis to analyze the impact of economic events on Markets.	Supply and demand analysis is fundamental in economic theory, forming the basis for understanding market dynamics and economic phenomena.
PO 2. Analytical Skills	CO3: Perform supply and demand analysis to analyze the impact of economic events on Markets.	Analytical skills are honed through applying economic principles to real-world situations, such as analyzing the impact of events on markets.
	CO4: Analyze the behavior of consumers in terms of the demand for products.	Analyzing consumer behavior enhances analytical skills by dissecting market demand patterns and factors influencing consumer choices.
	CO5: Analyze the performance of firms under different situations.	Analyzing firm performance fosters analytical skills by evaluating various economic factors affecting business operations and outcomes.
PO 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills	CO3: Perform supply and demand analysis to analyze the impact of economic events on Markets.	Quantitative skills are developed through conducting economic analyses, such as supply and demand analysis, which involves numerical data interpretation.
	CO5: Analyze the performance of firms under different situations.	Data analysis skills are refined by examining firm performance data and interpreting results to understand economic trends and patterns.
PO 4. Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	CO1: Analyze Traditional and Modern Definitions of economics.	Understanding economic theories and concepts is essential for grasping microeconomic and macroeconomic principles and their applications.
	CO2: Understand about Methodology in economics.	Knowledge of economic methodology aids in comprehending microeconomic and macroeconomic research methodologies and analytical techniques.
	CO3: Perform supply and demand analysis to analyze the impact of economic events on Markets.	Supply and demand analysis provides insights into both microeconomic and macroeconomic phenomena, contributing to understanding economic dynamics.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real-World Issues	CO3: Perform supply and demand analysis to analyze the impact of economic events on Markets.	Applying economic analysis to real-world issues involves using tools like supply and demand analysis to understand and address practical economic challenges.
	CO4: Analyze the behavior of consumers in terms of the demand for products.	Understanding consumer behavior enables the application of economic principles to real-world scenarios, such as marketing strategies and consumer welfare policies.
	CO5: Analyze the performance of firms under different situations.	Analyzing firm performance aids in applying economic concepts to real-world business scenarios, facilitating informed decision-making and policy formulation.
	CO6: Recognize market failure and the role of government in dealing with those failures.	Understanding market failure and government intervention is crucial for addressing real-world economic issues and implementing effective policies.
	CO7: Use economic analysis to evaluate controversial issues and policies.	Applying economic analysis to controversial issues helps in understanding and addressing complex societal and economic challenges through evidence-based policymaking.
PO 6. Communication Skills	CO7: Use economic analysis to evaluate controversial issues and policies.	Communication skills are developed through effectively conveying economic analysis and insights to various stakeholders to inform decision-making processes.

POs	COs	Justification
	CO7: Use economic analysis to evaluate controversial issues and	Understanding global and socioeconomic contexts involves applying economic analysis to diverse societal and global issues, enhancing awareness and informed decision- making.

### (W .e. from June, 2023)

Name of the Programme	: B.A.
Subject	: Economics
Program Code	: UAECO
Class	: F.Y.B.A.
Semester	: I
Course Type	: Major (Mandatory)
Course Name	: History of Economic Thought I
Course Code	: ECO-102-MJM
No. of Lectures	: 30
No. of Credits	: 02

### A) COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- 1. Familiarize students with the major economists and their contributions to economic thought throughout history.
- 2. Understand the historical and intellectual context in which economic ideas and theories developed.
- 3. Trace the evolution of economic thought from ancient times to the present day, highlighting the key theories, concepts, and debates.
- 4. Analyze the different schools of economic thought, such as classical, neoclassical, Keynesian, and institutional economics, and understand their underlying principles and assumptions.
- 5. Examine the influence of social, political, and cultural factors on the development of economic theories and their practical applications.
- 6. Critically evaluate the strengths, weaknesses, and limitations of different economic theories and their implications for economic policy.
- 7. Identify the connections, influences, and debates between different economists and their ideas.

### **B) COURSE OUTCOMES :**

- 1. Knowledge of Major Economic Thinkers.
- 2. Students will develop a thorough understanding of key economic theories and concepts.
- 3. Students will be able to analyze economic theories and ideas in their historical context.
- 4. Students will develop the ability to critically evaluate and analyze different economic theories, identifying their strengths, weaknesses, and limitations.
- 5. Students will recognize the intellectual connections and debates between different economists.
- 6. Students will be able to apply historical economic theories to contemporary economic issues and debates.
- 7. Research and Analytical Skills.

### **TOPICS/CONTENTS**

Unit 1 : Pre Classical Economics 1.1 Ancient economic thought: Mesopotamia, Egypt, and Greece 1.2 Mercantilism and the emergence of early economic ideas 1.3 The physiocrats and their views on natural order and agriculture	10L
Unit 2: Classical Economics 2.1 Adam Smith and The Wealth of Nations 2.2 David Ricardo and the theory of comparative advantage 2.3 Thomas Malthus and population theory	10L
<ul> <li>Unit 3: Marxian Economics</li> <li>3.1 Karl Marx and historical materialism</li> <li>3.2 Marx's critique of capitalism and labor theory of value</li> <li>3.3 The Marxian concept of surplus value and class struggle</li> </ul>	10L

### **REFERENCES** :

- 1. "The Worldly Philosophers: The Lives, Times, and Ideas of the Great Economic Thinkers" by Robert L. Heilbroner
- 2. "A History of Economic Thought" by William J. Barber
- 3. "The History of Economic Thought: A Reader" edited by Steven G. Medema and Warren J. Samuels
- 4. "The Evolution of Economic Thought" by Stanley Brue and Randy Grant
- 5. "Economics: The User's Guide" by Ha-Joon Chang
- 6. "A Companion to the History of Economic Thought" edited by Warren J. Samuels, Jeff E. Biddle, and John B. Davis
- 7. "The Making of Economic Society" by Robert L. Heilbroner and William Milberg

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
PO 1. Foundation in Economic Theory	CO 1: Knowledge of Major Economic Thinkers.	Understanding major economic thinkers provides a foundational understanding of economic theory development and evolution.
	CO 2: Students will develop a thorough understanding of key economic theories and concepts.	Understanding key economic theories and concepts is essential for building a strong foundation in economic theory.
	CO 3: Students will be able to analyze economic theories and ideas in their historical context.	Analyzing economic theories in their historical context enhances understanding of their development and applicability over time.
PO 2. Analytical Skills	CO 4: Students will develop the ability to critically evaluate and analyze different economic theories, identifying their strengths, weaknesses, and limitations.	Critically evaluating economic theories sharpens analytical skills by assessing their strengths, weaknesses, and implications.

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
	CO 5: Students will recognize the intellectual connections and debates between different economists.	Recognizing intellectual connections and debates fosters analytical skills by understanding the diversity of economic thought.
PO 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills	CO 7: Research and Analytical Skills.	Research and analytical skills are honed through quantitative analysis and data interpretation, essential in economic analysis.
PO 4. Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	CO 2: Students will develop a thorough understanding of key economic theories and concepts.	Understanding key economic theories and concepts encompasses both microeconomic and macroeconomic principles.
	CO 6: Students will be able to apply historical economic theories to contemporary economic issues and debates.	Applying historical economic theories to contemporary issues demonstrates understanding of microeconomic and macroeconomic applications.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real- World Issues	CO 6: Students will be able to apply historical economic theories to contemporary economic issues and debates.	Applying historical economic theories to contemporary issues bridges theoretical knowledge with practical application.
PO 6. Communication Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, communication skills are essential for effectively conveying economic analyses.
PO 7. Awareness of Global and Socioeconomic Context		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, awareness of global and socioeconomic contexts is crucial for understanding economic issues in broader contexts.
PO 8. Research Skills	CO 7: Research and Analytical Skills.	Research skills are developed through conducting economic research and analysis, essential for advancing economic knowledge and understanding.
PO 9. Ethical Awareness		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, ethical awareness is essential in considering the ethical implications of economic theories and policies.
PO 10. Professional and Career Development		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, the development of professional and career skills is promoted through practical application of economic theories and research.

### (W .e. from June, 2023)

Name of the Programme	: B.A.
Subject	: Economics
Program Code	: UAECO
Class	: F.Y.B.A.
Semester	: I
Course Type	: Open Elective Courses
Course Name	: Indian Economy I
Course Code	: ECO-116-OE
No. of Lectures	: 30
No. of Credits	: 02

### A) COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the Indian economy, its structure, and its position in the global context.
- 2. To familiarize students with the key economic systems, policies, and reforms that have shaped the Indian economy over time.
- 3. To introduce students to the concepts and methodologies of economic planning and its role in sectoral development.
- 4. To explore the demographic trends in India and their implications for economic growth, social welfare, and sustainable development.
- 5. To develop students' knowledge and understanding of national income accounting and its significance in measuring economic performance.
- 6. To analyze the challenges and opportunities related to population growth, gender issues, and human development in India.
- 7. To promote critical thinking and problem-solving skills by examining the relationship between economic growth, income inequality, and inclusive development in the Indian context.

### **B) COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Students will be able to demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the Indian economy, its historical evolution, and its key features and characteristics.
- 2. Students will be able to analyze and evaluate the impact of economic systems, policies, and reforms on the Indian economy.
- 3. Students will be able to assess the objectives, strategies, and achievements of economic planning in India, particularly in sectors like agriculture, industry, and services.
- 4. Students will be able to identify and analyze the demographic trends in India, including population growth, migration, and urbanization, and their implications for the economy.
- 5. Students will be able to apply the concepts and methodologies of national income accounting to measure and interpret economic performance in India.
- 6. Students will be able to analyze the social and economic challenges related to population growth, gender issues, and human development, and assess the role of government policies and programs.

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7. Students will be able to critically evaluate the relationship between economic growth, income inequality, and inclusive development in India, and propose strategies for promoting equitable growth and sustainable development.

### **TOPICS/CONTENTS**

### **UNIT 1 : INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN ECONOMY**

1.1 Economic Systems and Policies in India - Overview of different economic systems (capitalism, socialism, mixed economy), Role of government in economic development

1.2 Key Features of Indian Economy- Key features and characteristics of the Indian economy

1.3 Brief historical overview of the Indian economy, India's position in the global economy, Key achievements and challenges in economic planning

### **UNIT 2: DEMOGRAPHY OF INDIA**

2.1 Population and Demographic Dividend- Population growth and distribution in India- Demographic dividend and its implications for the Indian economy- Age structure, dependency ratio, and workforce composition

2.2 Population Policies and Challenges- Government policies and programs related to population control, Gender issues, women empowerment, and population dynamics

2.3 Challenges related to population growth, migration, and urbanization, Human Development Indicators- Human Development Index (HDI) and its components-

Inequality and social indicators

### **UNIT 3: NATIONAL INCOME ACCOUNTING**

3.1 Concepts of National Income Accounting

- 3.2 Measurement and Limitations of National Income Accounting
- 3.3 Income Inequality and Distribution

### **REFERENCES**:

- 1. Datt and Sundaram's Indian Economy, Gaurav Datt and Ashwini Mahajan, S.Chand Publication, New Delhi, Latest Edition.
- 2. Indian Economy, Ramesh Singh, McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi, Latest Edition.
- 3. BharatiyArthvyavastha (Marathi), Ranjan Kolambe, Bhagirath Prakshan, Pune
- 4. Economics (Marathi), Dr. Kiran Desale, Deepstambh Publication, Jalgaon.
- 5. Development (Marathi), Dr. Kiran Desale, Deepstambh Publication, Jalgaon.
- 6. Latest India Year Book, Publication Division, Government of India, New Delhi.

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
11		Understanding the Indian economy's foundation and historical evolution provides
PO 1. Foundation in	economy, its historical evolution, and its key	a solid basis for economic theory comprehension.
	CO 2: Students will be able to analyze and evaluate the impact of economic systems, policies,	Analyzing the impact of economic systems and policies sharpens analytical skills by assessing their implications on the Indian economy.

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Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
	CO 3: Students will be able to assess the objectives, strategies, and achievements of economic planning in India, particularly in sectors like agriculture, industry, and services.	Assessing economic planning objectives and achievements requires critical thinking, enhancing analytical skills.
	CO 4: Students will be able to identify and analyze the demographic trends in India, including population growth, migration, and urbanization, and their implications for the economy.	Analyzing demographic trends and their economic implications fosters analytical skills in understanding complex economic phenomena.
PO 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills	CO 5: Students will be able to apply the concepts and methodologies of national income accounting to measure and interpret economic performance in India.	Applying national income accounting concepts requires quantitative and data analysis skills to interpret economic performance accurately.
PO 4. Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	CO 6: Students will be able to analyze the social and economic challenges related to population growth, gender issues, and human development, and assess the role of government policies and programs.	Understanding microeconomic and macroeconomic principles aids in analyzing social and economic challenges and government interventions.
	CO 7: Students will be able to critically evaluate the relationship between economic growth, income inequality, and inclusive development in India, and propose strategies for promoting equitable growth and sustainable development.	Understanding economic growth, income inequality, and inclusive development requires applying microeconomic and macroeconomic principles.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real- World Issues	CO 2: Students will be able to analyze and evaluate the impact of economic systems, policies, and reforms on the Indian economy.	Applying economic analysis to real-world issues such as economic systems and policies bridges theoretical knowledge with practical application.
	CO 3: Students will be able to assess the objectives, strategies, and achievements of economic planning in India, particularly in sectors like agriculture, industry, and services.	Applying economic analysis to economic planning enhances understanding of practical economic issues and challenges.
	CO 4: Students will be able to identify and analyze the demographic trends in India, including population growth, migration, and urbanization, and their implications for the economy.	demographic trends demonstrates the real- world application of economic concepts.
PO 6. Communication Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, communication skills are essential for effectively conveying economic analyses.
PO 7. Awareness of Global and Socioeconomic Context		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, awareness of global and socioeconomic contexts is crucial for understanding economic issues in broader contexts.
PO 8. Research Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, research skills are essential for conducting in-depth analyses and contributing to economic knowledge.
PO 9. Ethical Awareness		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, ethical awareness is essential in considering the ethical implications of economic theories and policies.

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
PO 10. Professional and		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, the development of professional and career skills is promoted
Career Development		through practical application of economic theories and research.

### (W .e. from June, 2023)

Name of the Programme	: B.A.
Subject	: Economics
Program Code	: UAECO
Class	: F.Y.B.A.
Semester	: I
Course Type	: Open Elective Courses
Course Name	: Public Finance I
Course Code	: ECO-117-OE
No. of Lectures	: 30
No. of Credits	: 02

### A) COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To well understand basic concept and roll of government in an economy.
- 2. To analysis public revenue and expenditure of the government.
- 3. To discuss functions of the Government in an economy
- 4. A study expenditure measure.
- 5. To understand the basic problems of use of resources, distribution of income, etc.
- 6. To study public debt, expenditure programmes, budgetary procedures, stabilization instruments, debt issues etc.
- 7. To discuss the implications of policy for efficiency and equity

### **B) COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Explains the concepts of private and public finance.
- 2. To have conceptual clarity of public expenditure and revenue theories.
- 3. To analysing various governments tax policies.
- 4. To know the application of public economics in analysing various revenue sources.
- 5. To comprehend various types of public goods and its real-world application.
- 6. To apply and integrate Equity and Efficiency Economics principles to analyse public debt
- 7. To Develop alternative policies.

### **TOPICS/CONTENTS**

### UNIT 1: PUBLIC FINANCE

1.1 Meaning, Nature, Scope, and Importance of Public Finance 1.2 Private Finance and Public Finance

1.3 Principle of Maximum Social Advantage- Dr. Dalton

### **UNIT 2: PUBLIC EXPENDITURE**

2.1 Meaning and Principle of Public Expenditure

2.2 Classification of Public Expenditure

2.3Causes of Growth of Public Expenditure and Effects of Public Expenditure

### **UNIT 3: PUBLIC REVENUE**

3.1 Source of Public Revenue

3.2 Canon of Indian taxation

3.3 Tax Revenue of Centre, State and Local Bodies and Non-tax Revenue of Centre, State and Local Bodies

### **BASIC READING LIST :**

- 1. Goode, R. (1986), Government Finance in Developing Countries, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Houghton, J.M. (1970), The Public Finance: Selected Readings, Penguin, Harmondsworth.
- 3. Rajesh K.Jha (2012) Public Finance. Pearson Publication New Delhi.
- 4. Musgrave and Musgrave, (1989) Public Finance in Theory and Practice Mc Graw-Hill International Edition
- 5. Tyagi B.P. (1992-93), Public Finance, jai Prakash Nath Co. Meerat, U.P.

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
PO 1. Foundation in Economic Theory	CO 1: Explains the concepts of private and public finance.	Understanding private and public finance concepts is foundational in economic theory, providing essential knowledge for economic analysis.
	CO 2: To have conceptual clarity of public expenditure and revenue theories.	Conceptual clarity of public expenditure and revenue theories establishes a solid foundation for understanding economic principles.
PO 2. Analytical Skills	CO 3: To analyzing various governments tax policies.	Analyzing government tax policies sharpens analytical skills by assessing their impacts on economic outcomes and fiscal policy effectiveness.
	CO 4: To know the application of public economics in analyzing various revenue sources.	Applying public economics to revenue source analysis enhances analytical skills by understanding the economic implications of different revenue streams.
PO 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills	CO 3: To analyzing various governments tax policies.	Quantitative and data analysis skills are honed through examining government tax policies and interpreting numerical data to assess their economic effects.
PO 4. Understanding of	CO 5: To comprehend	Understanding public goods and their

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Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	various types of public goods and its real-world application.	applications contributes to microeconomic and macroeconomic understanding, as they involve market failures and government intervention.
	CO 6: To apply and integrate Equity and Efficiency Economics principles to analyse public debt.	Applying equity and efficiency principles to public debt analysis enhances understanding of macroeconomic concepts and their real-world implications.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real-World Issues	CO 4: To know the application of public economics in analyzing various revenue sources.	Applying public economics to revenue source analysis bridges theoretical knowledge with practical application, addressing real-world economic challenges.
	CO 5: To comprehend various types of public goods and its real-world application.	Understanding public goods and their real-world application demonstrates the practical application of economic concepts to address societal needs and challenges.
PO 6. Communication Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, communication skills are essential for effectively conveying economic analyses.
PO 7. Awareness of Global and Socioeconomic Context	CO 1: Explains the concepts of private and public finance.	Understanding private and public finance concepts contributes to awareness of global and socioeconomic issues influenced by fiscal policies and government interventions.
	CO 4: To know the application of public economics in analyzing various revenue sources.	Analyzing various revenue sources provides insight into global and socioeconomic contexts influenced by fiscal policies and revenue generation mechanisms.
PO 8. Research Skills	CO 7: To Develop alternative policies.	Developing alternative policies requires research skills to explore various options and analyze their economic implications, contributing to economic research and knowledge.
PO 9. Ethical Awareness		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, ethical awareness is essential in considering the ethical implications of fiscal policies and economic decisions.
PO 10. Professional and Career Development		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, the development of professional and career skills is promoted through practical application of economic theories and analysis.

### (W .e. from June, 2023)

Name of the Programme	: B.A.
Subject	: Economics
Program Code	: UAECO
Class	: F.Y.B.A.
Semester	: I
Course Type	: Vocational Skill Courses
Course Name	: Introduction to Financial Market- I
<b>Course Code</b>	: ECO-121-VSC
No. of Lectures	: 30
No. of Credits	: 02

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To provide students with a solid understanding of the basics of financial markets in India.
- 2. To familiarize students with the different types of financial instruments and their functions within the Indian financial market.
- 3. To introduce students to the primary and secondary markets in India and the processes involved in raising capital and trading securities.
- 4. To equip students with the knowledge and skills to analyze and evaluate stock market investments using fundamental and technical analysis.
- 5. To develop an understanding of the money market and its instruments, along with the role of the Reserve Bank of India (RBI).
- 6. To introduce students to the concept of derivatives and their role in risk management and hedging strategies.
- 7. To enhance students' awareness of the regulatory environment and investor protection measures in the Indian financial markets.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Understand the functions and types of financial markets and their significance in the Indian economy.
- 2. Identify and differentiate various financial instruments such as equity shares, bonds, derivatives, and money market instruments.
- 3. Demonstrate knowledge of the primary market and the process involved in raising capital through IPOs, rights issues, and private placements.
- 4. Understand the functioning of the secondary market and the role of stock exchanges, including trading mechanisms and settlement procedures.
- 5. Apply fundamental analysis techniques to evaluate the financial performance and valuation of companies in the stock market.
- 6. Utilize technical analysis tools and techniques to identify trends and make informed investment decisions.
- 7. Comprehend the functioning of the money market, its participants, and the role of the RBI in monetary policy implementation.

### **CONTENTS / TOPICS :**

### **CHAPTER 1: BASICS OF FINANCIAL MARKETS**

1.1 Overview of Financial Markets- Definition and functions of financial markets-Types of financial markets: capital market, money market, and derivative market

1.2 Indian Financial Market Landscape-Key players in the Indian financial market: RBI, SEBI, NSE, BSE, etc.- Role of the Indian financial market in the economy

1.3 Types of Financial Instruments-Equity shares and stock market-Debt instruments: bonds, debentures, and fixed-income securities-Derivative instruments: futures, options, and swaps-Money market instruments: treasury bills, commercial papers, etc.

### **CHAPTER 2: CAPITAL MARKET IN INDIA**

2.1 Primary Market--Introduction to the primary market-IPOs (Initial Public Offerings) and the process involved- Role of merchant bankers and underwriters

2.2 Secondary Market-Introduction to the secondary market-Stock exchanges in India: NSE, BSE, and others-Trading mechanisms: order types, market indices, and settlement procedures

2.3 Stock Market Analysis- Fundamental analysis- Technical analysis-Efficient Market Hypothesis and its implications

### **CHAPTER 3: MONEY MARKET AND DERIVATIVES IN INDIA**

3.1 Money Market- Introduction to the money market-Money market instruments and their features-Money market participants: banks, financial institutions, and corporate-Role of RBI in the money market

3.2 Derivative Market-Introduction to derivatives and their types

3.3 Regulatory Environment and Investor Protection-Role of SEBI in regulating financial markets-Investor protection measures: disclosure requirements, grievance redressal, and investor education

### **REFERENCE**:

- 1. Mishkin, F. S., & Eakins, S. G. (2018). Financial Markets and Institutions (9th ed.). Pearson.
- 2. Khan, M. Y., & Jain, P. K. (2019). Financial Management: Text, Problems, and Cases (8th ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. Bharati V. Pathak. (2019). An Introduction to Indian Financial System. McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. Varshney, P. (2019). Indian Financial Markets: An Analytical Approach. Oxford University Press.
- 5. Bodie, Z., Kane, A., & Marcus, A. J. (2019). Investments (11th ed.). McGraw Hill Education.
- 6. Mishra, S. K., & Puri, V. K. (2020). Indian Financial System: Development, Institutions, and Services (4th ed.). Himalaya Publishing House.

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
PO 1. Foundation in Economic Theory	CO 1: Understand the functions and types of financial markets and their	Understanding financial markets is essential in economic theory as they play a crucial role in resource allocation and economic development.
	various financial instruments such as equity shares, bonds, derivatives,	Knowledge of financial instruments contributes to understanding economic theory, as they are essential tools in financial markets.

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Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
PO 2. Analytical Skills	CO 5: Apply fundamental analysis techniques to evaluate the financial performance and valuation of companies in the stock market.	Applying fundamental analysis techniques sharpens analytical skills by assessing company performance and making informed investment decisions.
		Utilizing technical analysis enhances analytical skills by interpreting market trends and patterns to make investment decisions.
PO 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills	CO 5: Apply fundamental analysis techniques to evaluate the financial performance and valuation of companies in the stock market.	Fundamental analysis involves quantitative data analysis to evaluate company performance, contributing to quantitative and data analysis skills.
	CO 6: Utilize technical analysis tools and techniques to identify trends and make informed investment decisions.	Technical analysis involves data analysis to identify market trends, enhancing quantitative and data analysis skills.
PO 4. Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	CO 7: Comprehend the functioning of the money market, its participants, and the role of the RBI in monetary policy implementation.	Understanding the functioning of the money market contributes to understanding microeconomic and macroeconomic principles related to monetary policy.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real- World Issues	CO 1: Understand the functions and types of financial markets and their significance in the Indian economy.	Understanding financial markets applies economic theory to real-world issues such as financial market regulation and economic stability.
	CO 4: Understand the functioning of the secondary market and the role of stock exchanges, including trading mechanisms and settlement procedures.	Understanding the secondary market applies economic theory to real-world issues such as stock market efficiency and investor protection.
PO 6. Communication Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, communication skills are essential for effectively conveying financial analyses.
PO 7. Awareness of Global and Socioeconomic Context		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, awareness of global and socioeconomic contexts is crucial for understanding financial market dynamics.
PO 8. Research Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, research skills are essential for conducting in-depth financial analyses and contributing to financial research.
PO 9. Ethical Aware <u>ness</u>	ege. BaramatiCBCS Syllabus 2023 Pa	While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, ethical awareness is essential in considering the

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
		ethical implications of financial decisions
		and market practices.
		While not directly addressed in the
		provided course outcomes, the
		development of professional and career
		skills is promoted through practical
PO 10. Professional and		application of financial knowledge and
Career Development		analysis.

(W .e. from June, 2023)

Name of the Programme	: B.A.
Subject	: Economics
Program Code	: UAECO
Class	: F.Y.B.A.
Semester	: I
Course Type	: Skill Enhancement Courses
Course Name	: Financial Planning and Portfolio
Management I	-
<b>Course Code</b>	: ECO-126-SEC
No. of Lectures	: 30
No. of Credits	: 02

### A) COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To introduce students to the fundamental concepts and principles of financial planning and portfolio management.
- 2. To provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to set and prioritize financial goals based on individual circumstances and values.
- 3. To develop students' understanding of personal cash flow management, including budgeting, tracking income and expenses, and effective cash flow strategies.
- 4. To familiarize students with the basics of investment planning, including investment instruments, risk-return tradeoff, and asset allocation.
- 5. To equip students with the ability to construct and manage a diversified investment portfolio based on risk tolerance and investment goals.
- 6. To enhance students' analytical skills in investment analysis, including fundamental and technical analysis, evaluating investment options, and performance measurement. AES'S T. C. College, BaramatiCBCS Syllabus 2023 Pattern as per NEP 2020

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7. To enable students to understand and implement risk management strategies, including insurance planning, retirement planning, and estate planning.

### **B) COURSE OUTCOME:**

- 1. **Course** Students will be able to demonstrate a solid understanding of the principles and components of financial planning and portfolio management.
- 2. Students will be able to set and prioritize financial goals using the SMART goal-setting approach and align them with personal values.
- 3. Students will be able to create and manage personal budgets, track income and expenses, and implement strategies for effective cash flow management.
- 4. Students will be able to analyze investment instruments, assess risk-return tradeoffs, and determine asset allocation strategies based on individual risk tolerance and investment goals.
- 5. Students will be able to construct and manage a diversified investment portfolio, considering factors such as risk diversification and portfolio rebalancing.
- 6. Students will be able to apply investment analysis techniques, including fundamental and technical analysis, to evaluate investment options and measure performance.
- 7. Students will be able to implement risk management strategies, such as insurance planning, retirement planning, and estate planning, to protect wealth and ensure long-term financial security.

### **TOPICS/CONTENTS**

### UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL PLANNING

1.1 Understanding Financial Planning- Definition and importance of financial planning- Components of financial planning: budgeting, saving, investment, and risk management- Role of financial planning in personal and professional life

1.2 Setting Financial Goals - Types of financial goals: short-term, medium-term, and long-term-SMART goal-setting approach- Prioritizing financial goals based on individual circumstances-Aligning financial goals with personal values and aspirations

1.3 Personal Cash Flow Management- Creating a personal budget-Tracking income and expenses-Strategies for managing cash flow effectively-Importance of emergency funds and managing debt

### **UNIT 2: INVESTMENT PLANNING**

2.1 Investment Basics-Introduction to investment concepts: risk, return, diversification, and liquidity-Types of investment instruments: stocks, bonds, mutual funds, real estate, etc.-Understanding investment risk and the risk-return tradeoff

2.2 Portfolio Construction and Asset Allocation-Portfolio management principles- Determining asset allocation based on risk tolerance and investment goals-Creating a diversified investment portfolio-Rebalancing and monitoring the portfolio

2.3 Investment Analysis and Evaluation-Fundamental analysis: assessing company financials, industry trends, and competitive analysis-Technical analysis: analyzing charts and patterns-Evaluating investment options based on risk, return, and liquidity-Performance measurement and benchmarking

### UNIT 3: RISK MANAGEMENT AND WEALTH PROTECTION

3.1 Insurance Planning- Types of insurance: life insurance, health insurance, property insurance, etc.-Assessing insurance needs and coverage-Understanding policy terms, premiums, and claims

3.2 Retirement Planning - Importance of retirement planning- Retirement savings options: EPF, PPF, NPS, etc.-Estimating retirement needs and calculating retirement corpus-Retirement income strategies and post-retirement financial management

3.3 Estate Planning and Tax Management- Basics of estate planning: wills, trusts, and succession

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planning-Tax planning strategies: deductions, exemptions, and tax-efficient investments-Understanding tax laws and regulations-Impact of taxation on investment and wealth management

### **REFERENCES**:

- 1. "Personal Finance" by Kapoor, Dlabay, and Hughes
- 2. "Financial Planning" by Warren McKeown
- 3. "Investments: Analysis and Management" by Charles P. Jones
- 4. "Retirement Planning and Employee Benefits" by Jerry Rosenbloom
- 5. "Financial Planning Handbook" by Lee Jenkins
- 6. "Insurance Planning and Risk Management" by Geetha Kumari
- 7. "Tax Planning and Management" by S.K. Singh and Rajesh Kumar

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
	CO 1: Course Students will be able to	
	demonstrate a solid understanding of	Understanding financial planning and
	the principles and components of	portfolio management principles
PO 1. Foundation in	financial planning and portfolio	contributes to economic theory by applying
Economic Theory	management.	economic principles to personal finance.
	CO 4: Students will be able to	
	analyze investment instruments,	Analyzing investment instruments and
	assess risk-return tradeoffs, and	determining asset allocation strategies
	determine asset allocation strategies	applies economic theory to investment
		decision-making, enhancing understanding
	investment goals.	of economic principles.
	CO 6: Students will be able to apply	Applying investment analysis techniques
	investment analysis techniques,	sharpens analytical skills by assessing
	including fundamental and technical	investment options and measuring their
	analysis, to evaluate investment	performance using economic analysis
PO 2. Analytical Skills	options and measure performance.	methods.
	CO 7: Students will be able to	
	implement risk management	Implementing risk management strategies
		requires analytical skills to assess risks and
	retirement planning, and estate	determine appropriate strategies, enhancing
	planning, to protect wealth and ensure	analytical abilities in financial decision-
	long-term financial security.	making.
		Setting and prioritizing financial goals
	CO 2: Students will be able to set and	involves quantitative analysis to assess
	prioritize financial goals using the	financial objectives and align them with
PO 3. Quantitative and	SMART goal-setting approach and	personal values, contributing to
Data Analysis Skills	align them with personal values.	quantitative and data analysis skills.
	CO 3: Students will be able to create	Creating and managing personal budgets
	and manage personal budgets, track	requires quantitative and data analysis
	income and expenses, and implement	skills to track income and expenses and
	strategies for effective cash flow	manage cash flow effectively, enhancing
	management.	financial management abilities.
PO 4. Understanding	CO 5: Students will be able to	Understanding risk diversification and

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	construct and manage a diversified investment portfolio, considering factors such as risk diversification and portfolio rebalancing.	portfolio management contributes to understanding microeconomic and macroeconomic principles related to risk management and market efficiency.
	CO 6: Students will be able to apply investment analysis techniques, including fundamental and technical analysis, to evaluate investment options and measure performance.	Applying investment analysis techniques contributes to understanding microeconomic and macroeconomic principles by analyzing investment options and market performance.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real- World Issues	CO 1: Course Students will be able to demonstrate a solid understanding of the principles and components of financial planning and portfolio management.	Applying financial planning and portfolio management principles to personal finance addresses real-world economic issues related to personal financial management and wealth accumulation.
	retirement planning, and estate	Implementing risk management strategies addresses real-world economic issues related to protecting wealth and ensuring financial security in personal finance, applying economic principles to practical financial decision-making.
PO 6. Communication Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, communication skills are essential for effectively conveying financial plans and strategies.
PO 7. Awareness of Global and Socioeconomic Context		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, awareness of global and socioeconomic contexts is crucial for understanding economic implications of personal finance decisions.
PO 8. Research Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, research skills are essential for conducting in-depth financial analyses and contributing to financial research.
PO 9. Ethical Awareness		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, ethical awareness is essential in considering the ethical implications of financial decisions and wealth management strategies.
PO 10. Professional and Career Development		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, the development of professional and career skills is promoted through practical application of financial knowledge and analysis.

### (W .e. from June, 2023)

Name of the Programme	: B.A.
Subject	: Economics
Program Code	: UAECO
Class	: F.Y.B.A.
Semester	: I
Course Type	: Value Education Courses
Course Name	: Environment Science- I
Course Code	: ECO-135-VEC
No. of Lectures	: 30
No. of Credits	: 02

### A) COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Provides students with a comprehensive account of the application of economic analysis to environmental issues.
- 2. Teach students several real-world environmental policy problems and how they can be solved.
- 3. Discuss limitations of economic analysis to provide guidance on environmental issues.
- 4. Study theories related to natural resource management, with an emphasis on the strengths and weaknesses of alternative viewpoints.
- 5. Discuss if economic objectives conflict with environmental goals and if markets can be harnessed to improve environmental quality.
- 6. This course introduces the learner to the basic concepts, economic instruments and policy options in managing the environment.
- 7. Economic implications of economic policy and valuation of environmental quality are important areas of concern to be covered.

### **B) COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Understand how economic methods can be applied to environmental issues facing society.
- 2. Understanding difficulties arising in using economic analysis in environmental policy design.
- 3. Solving and manipulating a variety of diagrammatic and algebraic models in environmental economics, and critically evaluate those models.
- 4. Prepare an essay that develops knowledge and understanding how economic theory can be applied in understanding and addressing environmental policy problems.
- 5. Ability to express an informed view regarding the potential of economics to help societies achieve their environmental goals.
- 6. Demonstrate good interpersonal and communication skills through writing an essay and contributing to critical discussion.
- 7. On the completion of this course, the student will have a good understanding of contemporary environmental issues and their relation to economic development.
- 8. In the light of international environmental agreements, the learners will be able to understand the global approaches and policies adopted by India to deal with the environmental issues.

<b>TOPICS/CONESTS:</b>	
UNIT 1 : INTRODUCTION	10 L
1.1. Meaning and Definition of Environmental economics	
1.2. Nature of Environmental economics	
1.3. Scope and Significance of Environmental economics	
UNIT 2 : ENVIRONMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	10 L
2.1. Definition of economic development and sustainable development	
2.2. Relation between Environment and economic Development	
2.3. Environment and Sustainable Development	
UNIT 3. ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES	10 L
3.1. National Conservation Policy 1992	
3.2. National Environment Policy 2006	
3.3. Global warming: Concept and Impact on human life	

### **REFERENCES:**

1.Sankar, U. (Ed), Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2001.

2. Bhattacharya, R.N. (Ed), Environmental Economics – An Indian Perspective, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2001

3. Blackman, A., 2009. Alternative Pollution control policies in developing countries.

Review of Environmental Economics and Policy.

4. Hanley N, J.F. Shogern and Ben White, Environmental Economics in

Theory and Practice, Macmillan, 1997.

5. Kolstad, C.D., Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

6. Jeoren C.J.M. Bergh, Handbook of environmental and Resource Economics, 2002.

7. Sankar, U. (Ed), Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2001.

8. Bhattacharya, R.N. (Ed), Environmental Economics – An Indian Perspective, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2001

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
PO 1. Foundation in Economic Theory	CO 1: Understand how economic methods can be applied to environmental issues facing society.	Understanding how economic methods can be applied to environmental issues demonstrates application of economic theory in addressing real- world problems.
		Understanding difficulties in using economic analysis in environmental policy design enhances comprehension of economic theory and its limitations in real-world applications.
PO 2. Analytical Skills	CO 3: Solving and manipulating a variety of diagrammatic and algebraic models in environmental economics, and critically evaluate those models.	Solving and manipulating models in environmental economics sharpens analytical skills by assessing their applicability and limitations in economic analysis.
	CO 4: Prepare an essay that develops	Preparing an essay on applying economic theory to

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
	knowledge and understanding how economic theory can be applied in understanding and addressing environmental policy problems.	environmental policy problems demonstrates analytical skills in synthesizing and articulating economic concepts.
PO 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills	CO 3: Solving and manipulating a variety of diagrammatic and algebraic models in environmental economics, and critically evaluate those models.	Solving and manipulating models in environmental economics involves quantitative and data analysis skills to assess economic relationships and implications.
PO 4. Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	CO 5: Ability to express an informed view regarding the potential of economics to help societies achieve their environmental goals.	Understanding microeconomics and macroeconomics contributes to assessing the potential of economics in achieving environmental goals, enhancing understanding of economic principles.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real- World Issues	CO 1: Understand how economic methods can be applied to environmental issues facing society.	Applying economic methods to environmental issues addresses real-world economic challenges related to environmental sustainability and resource management.
	CO 2: Understanding difficulties arising in using economic analysis in environmental policy design.	Understanding difficulties in using economic analysis in environmental policy design applies economic theory to real-world issues, demonstrating the application of economic principles.
PO 6. Communication Skills	CO 4: Prepare an essay that develops knowledge and understanding how economic theory can be applied in understanding and addressing environmental policy problems.	Writing an essay on applying economic theory to environmental policy problems demonstrates communication skills in conveying complex economic concepts effectively.
	CO 6: Demonstrate good interpersonal and communication skills through writing an essay and contributing to critical discussion.	Demonstrating interpersonal and communication skills through writing essays and participating in discussions enhances communication abilities in conveying economic ideas and arguments.
PO 7. Awareness of Global and Socioeconomic Context	CO 7: On the completion of this course, the student will have a good understanding of contemporary environmental issues and their relation to economic development.	Developing an understanding of contemporary environmental issues and their relation to economic development fosters awareness of global and socioeconomic contexts influenced by environmental challenges.
PO 8. Research Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, research skills are essential for conducting in-depth analyses and contributing to environmental economics research.
PO 9. Ethical Awareness		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, ethical awareness is essential in considering the ethical implications of environmental policies and economic decisions.
PO 10. Professional and Career Development		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, the development of professional and career skills is promoted through practical application of environmental economics knowledge and analysis.

(W .e. from June, 2023)

Name of the Programme	:	<b>B.A.</b>
Subject	:	Economics
Program Code	:	UAECO
Class	:	F.Y.B.A.
Semester	:	Ι
Course Type	:	Indian Knowledge System
Course Name	:	Ancient Economic System
Course Code	:	ECO-137-IKS
No. of Lectures	:	30
No. of Credits	:	02

### A) COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To explore the economic ideas, theories, and practices of ancient India.
- 2. To understand the economic systems and institutions of ancient Indian civilizations.
- 3. To examine the key texts and treatises of ancient Indian economic thought, such as the Arthashastra and Dharmashastras.
- 4. To analyze the unique perspectives of ancient Indian economic thought.
- 5. To compare and contrast ancient Indian economic thought with other ancient civilizations.
- 6. To evaluate the relevance and applicability of ancient Indian economic thought .
- 7. To develop critical thinking skills in assessing the strengths and limitations of ancient Indian economic thought.

### **B) COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- 1. Knowledge of Ancient Indian Economic Systems.
- 2. Students will become familiar with the economic ideas, theories, and concepts developed by ancient Indian thinkers.
- 3. Critical Analysis of Ancient Indian Economic Thought.
- 4. Students will gain insights into the economic institutions and practices that were prevalent in ancient India.

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- 5. Students will be able to compare and contrast ancient Indian economic thought and systems with those of other ancient civilizations, such as Mesopotamia, Egypt, Greece etc.
- 6. Students will explore the relevance and applicability of ancient Indian economic thought to contemporary economic issues.
- 7. Students will enhance their research skills through the study of ancient Indian economic thought.

### **TOPICS/CONTENTS**

UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ANCIENT INDIAN ECONOMIC SYSTEM	10L
1.1 Definition and scope of ancient Indian economic thought	
1.2 Importance of studying ancient Indian economic systems	
1.3 Overview of ancient Indian civilization and its economic practices	
UNIT 2: MAURYAN ECONOMIC SYSTEM	10L
2.1 Economic policies and administration under Emperor Ashoka	
2.2 The role of the state in economic affairs	
2.3 Trade, agriculture, and taxation in Mauryan India	
UNIT 3: ECONOMIC THOUGHT IN THE ARTHASHASTRA	10L
3.1 Kautilya's Arthashastra as a treatise on statecraft and economics	
3.2 Economic principles and policies advocated by Kautilya	
3.2 Role of the state in economic development and welfare	
REFERENCE:	
1. "Indian Economic Thought: Ancient to Modern" by Raghbendra Jha	
2. "The Economic History of Ancient India" by R. C. Dutt	
3. "The Arthashastra" by Kautilya (Chanakya)	
4. "The Economic Ideas of Kautilya's Arthashastra" by Ramashray Roy	
5. "Early Economic Thought in India" by Romesh Chunder Dutt	
6. "The Wealth of Nations in India: A Comparative Inquiry" by Shireen Moosvi	
7. "Economic Ideas in the Vedic Age" by B. K. Dutt	

8. "Ancient Indian Economic Thought and Institutions" by Shyamal Sarkar

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
PO 1. Foundation in Economic Theory	CO 1: Knowledge of Ancient Indian Economic Systems.	Understanding ancient Indian economic systems contributes to the foundation in economic theory by exploring the historical development of economic thought and practices.
	CO 2: Students will become familiar with the economic ideas, theories, and concepts developed by ancient Indian thinkers.	Becoming familiar with economic ideas and concepts developed by ancient Indian thinkers provides a foundational understanding of economic theory and its historical roots.
PO 2. Analytical Skills	CO 3: Critical Analysis of Ancient Indian Economic Thought.	Critical analysis of ancient Indian economic thought sharpens analytical skills by evaluating complex economic ideas and theories, enhancing analytical abilities.
	CO 5: Students will be able to compare and contrast ancient Indian economic thought and systems with those of other ancient civilizations, such as Mesopotamia, Egypt, Greece etc.	Comparing and contrasting economic thought across ancient civilizations develops analytical skills by discerning similarities and differences, fostering critical thinking.
PO 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills	CO 4: Students will gain insights into the economic institutions and practices that were prevalent in ancient India.	Gaining insights into ancient Indian economic institutions and practices involves quantitative and data analysis skills to interpret historical data and information.
PO 4. Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	CO 6: Students will explore the relevance and applicability of ancient Indian economic thought to contemporary economic issues.	Exploring the relevance of ancient Indian economic thought to contemporary issues applies microeconomic and macroeconomic principles to historical economic analysis.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real- World Issues	CO 6: Students will explore the relevance and applicability of ancient Indian economic thought to contemporary economic issues.	Applying ancient Indian economic thought to contemporary issues demonstrates the application of economic theory to real- world problems and challenges.
PO 6. Communication Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, communication skills are developed through articulating and discussing complex economic ideas.
PO 7. Awareness of Global and Socioeconomic Context	CO 5: Students will be able to compare and contrast ancient Indian economic thought and systems with those of other ancient civilizations, such as Mesopotamia, Egypt, Greece etc.	Comparing ancient Indian economic thought with other civilizations fosters awareness of global and socioeconomic contexts, highlighting historical economic interactions.
PO 8. Research Skills	CO 7: Students will enhance their research skills through the study of ancient Indian economic thought.	Enhancing research skills through studying ancient Indian economic thought involves conducting in-depth research and analysis,

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
		contributing to economic knowledge.
PO 9. Ethical Awareness		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, ethical awareness may be developed through exploring ethical dimensions of ancient Indian economic practices.
PO 10. Professional and Career Development		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, professional and career development may be enhanced through applying ancient economic insights to contemporary issues.

### (W .e .from June, 2023)

Name of the Programme : B.Com		
Subject	: Economics	
Program Code	: UAECO	
Class	: F.Y.B.Com	
Semester	: I	
<b>Course Type</b>	: Open Elective	
Course Name	: Business Economics (Micro)	
<b>Course Code</b>	: ECO-118-OE	
No. of Lectures	: 30	
No. of Credits	: 02	

### A) COURSE OBJECTIVES

1) Introduce tools and methods of economic analysis that will serve as the basis for other courses in economics

2) To understand the basic concepts of Micro Economics

- 3) To understand the rational behavior of consumer as well as producer.
- 4) To understand the different theories of production
- 5) To understand the various aspects of demand.
- 6) To understand the various aspects of utility.

7) To understand the advantage and disadvantage of the scale of production general in firm and particular in an area.

### B) COURSE OUTCOMES

- 1) Analyze about Traditional and Modern Definitions of economics.
- 2) Understand about Methodology in economics.
- 3) Perform supply and demand analysis to analyze the impact of economic events on Markets
- 4) Analyze the behavior of consumers in terms of the demand for products
- 5) Analyze the performance of firms under different situations
- 6) Recognize market failure and the role of government in dealing with those failures
- 7) Use economic analysis to evaluate controversial issues and policies.

### TOPICS/CONTENTS

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# UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION.10 L1.1 Meaning, Nature, Scope, importance and limitations of Business Economics- (Micro)1.2 Difference between Micro and Macro Economics.1.3 Tools for Analysis -a. Functional Relationships b. Schedules c. Graphs d. Equation.10 LUNIT 2: DEMAND ANALYSIS.10 L2.1 Demand- Concept, Types, The law of demand and determinants of demand.10 L2.2 Elasticity of Demand- Concept, Types and its measurements.2.3 Consumer Behavior.A. Utility- Meaning, Concept, Features and The law of diminishing Marginal Utility.10 LB. Indifference Curve Analysis: Concept, Characteristics and Consumer Equilibrium.10 L

### **UNIT 3: PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS**

3.1 Production Function – Meaning.

3.2 Theories of Production Function – The law of Variable Proportion , The law of Returns to Scale.

3.3 Economies and Diseconomies of Scale – Internal and External.

### **REFERENCES:**

1. Koutsoyiannis, A. (1990) Modern Microeconomics, Macmillan.

2.Lipsey, R.G. and K.A. Chrystal (1999) Principles of Economics (9th Edition),Oxford University Press

3. Mansfield, E. (1997) Microeconomics (9th Edition), W.W. Norton and Company, New York.

4. Ray, N.C. (1975), An Introduction to Microeconomics, MacmillanCompany of India Ltd.Delhi.

5.D.N. Dwidedi, Micro Economic Theory and Applications, Pearsoneducation.

6. Jhingan M.L., Micro Economic Theory, Virinda Publication, Delhi

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
PO 1. Foundation in Economic Theory	CO1: Analyze about Traditional and Modern Definitions of economics.	Understanding traditional and modern definitions of economics establishes a foundation in economic theory, providing fundamental knowledge of the field.
	CO2: Understand about Methodology in economics.	Understanding methodology in economics contributes to the foundation in economic theory by familiarizing students with the approaches used in economic analysis.
PO 2. Analytical Skills	CO3: Perform supply and demand analysis to analyze the impact of economic events on Markets.	Performing supply and demand analysis sharpens analytical skills by assessing the effects of economic events on market equilibrium and price determination.
	CO4: Analyze the behavior of consumers in terms of the demand for products.	Analyzing consumer behavior enhances analytical skills by examining factors influencing demand and consumer choices, contributing to economic analysis.
PO 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills	CO3: Perform supply and demand analysis to analyze the impact of economic events on Markets.	Performing supply and demand analysis involves quantitative and data analysis skills to interpret market data and analyze economic events' impact.
PO 4. Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	CO5: Analyze the performance of firms under different situations.	Analyzing firm performance applies microeconomic principles to assess firms' behavior and decision- making in various economic conditions.
	CO6: Recognize market failure and the role of government in dealing with those failures.	Recognizing market failure and government intervention applies macroeconomic principles to understand the broader economic impacts and policy

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
		responses.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real-World Issues	CO7: Use economic analysis to evaluate controversial issues and policies.	Using economic analysis to evaluate policies and controversial issues applies economic theory to real- world problems, demonstrating its practical application.
PO 6. Communication Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, communication skills are developed through articulating and discussing economic concepts.
PO 7. Awareness of Global and Socioeconomic Context		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, awareness of global and socioeconomic contexts may be developed through analyzing economic events.
PO 8. Research Skills		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, research skills may be developed through conducting economic analyses and studies.
PO 9. Ethical Awareness		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, ethical awareness may be fostered through considering ethical dimensions of economic policies.
PO 10. Professional and Career Development		While not directly addressed in the provided course outcomes, professional and career development may be enhanced through practical application of economic analysis.

# SYLLABUS (CBCS as per NEP 2020) FOR F.Y.B.Com (W .e. from June,2023)

Name of the Programme : B.Com		
Subject	: Economics	
Program Code	: UAECO	
Class	: F.Y.B.Com	
Semester	: I	
Course Type	: Open Elective	
<b>Course Name</b>	: Business Economics (Macro)	
<b>Course Code</b>	: ECO-119-OE	
No. of Lectures	: 30	
No. of Credits	: 02	

### A) COURSE OBJECTIVES :

1) To understand the basic concepts in Macro Economics.

2) To understand the meaning and components of the National Income Accounts, especially GDP;

3)To understand the basic Aggregate Supply, Aggregate Demand model of the macro economy.

4) To understand how monetary policy operates, its tools, and its advantages and drawbacks;

5) To understand how fiscal policy operates, its tools, and its advantages and drawbacks;

6) To understand the various views regarding demand for money and supply of money

7) To understand the Process of credit creation of Commercial bank.

### **B) COURSE OUTCOMES :**

1) Understand why household, business, government and global behavior determine the aggregate demand for goods and services.

2) Understand why the behavior of businesses and the rest of the world determine the aggregate supply of goods and services.

3) Understand how aggregate demand and aggregate supply interact to drive a free market economy.

4) Understand the implications of interference in a market economy, including government policy.

5) Students will critically evaluate the consequences of basic macroeconomic policy options under different economic conditions.

6) Students will identify the determinants of various macroeconomic aggregates such as output, unemployment, inflation, etc

7) Understand the causes and consequences of business cycles

### **TOPICS/CONTENTS**

### **UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO MACRO ECONOMICS**

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1.1 Meaning, Nature and Scope of Business Economics.( Macro)

1.2 Significance and Limitations of Macro Economics.

### 1.3 Difference between Micro and Macro Economics.

### **UNIT 2: NATIONAL INCOME**

- 2.1 Various Concepts of National Income.
- 2.2 Circular Flow of Income- Two Sector Model.
- 2.3 Methods and Difficulties in National Income Estimation.

### UNIT 3: MONEY

- 3.1 Money- Definitions, Evolution, Functions.
- 3.2 Demands for Money & Supply of Money.
- 3.3 Multiple Credit Creation by Commercial Banks & Credit Control of RBI.

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. Macro Economics, H L Ahuja, S Chand Publications
- 2. SthulArthashastra (Marathi), Ram Deshmukh, Vidya Prakashan

Programme Outcome	Course Outcomes	Justification
PO 1. Foundation in Economic Theory	1, 2, 3, 4	Understanding aggregate demand, aggregate supply, and their interaction establishes a foundation in economic theory, providing fundamental knowledge of economic principles.
PO 2. Analytical Skills	5	Critically evaluating macroeconomic policy options enhances analytical skills by assessing their economic implications and consequences, contributing to economic analysis.
PO 3. Quantitative and Data Analysis Skills	6	Identifying determinants of macroeconomic aggregates involves quantitative and data analysis skills to interpret economic data and trends, enhancing analytical abilities.
PO 4. Understanding of Microeconomics and Macroeconomics	7	Understanding the causes and consequences of business cycles applies microeconomic and macroeconomic principles to assess economic fluctuations, deepening understanding of economic theory.
PO 5. Application of Economics to Real-World Issues	4, 5	Critically evaluating the consequences of interference in a market economy and macroeconomic policy options demonstrates the application of economic theory to real-world problems and policy analysis.

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