

**Anekant Education Society's  
Tuljaram Chaturchand College of Arts, Science and  
Commerce, Baramati**

**Autonomous**

**Course Structure for B.Sc. Mathematics**

**F. Y. B. Sc. Mathematics**

<b>Semester</b>	<b>Paper Code</b>	<b>Title of Paper</b>	<b>No. of Credits</b>
I	MAT1101	Algebra	2
	MAT1102	Calculus-I	2
	MAT1103	Practical Based on MAT1101 & MAT1102	2
II	MAT1201	Geometry	2
	MAT1202	Calculus-II	2
	MAT1203	Practical Based on MAT1201 & MAT1202	2

**S. Y. B. Sc. Mathematics**

<b>Semester</b>	<b>Paper Code</b>	<b>Title of Paper</b>	<b>No. of Credits</b>
III	MAT2301	Multivariable Calculus-I	3
	MAT2302	Laplace Transform & Fourier Series	3
	MAT2303	Practical Based on MAT2301 & MAT2302	2
IV	MAT2401	Linear Algebra	3
	MAT2402	Multivariable Calculus-II	3
	MAT2403	Practical Based on MAT2401 & MAT2402	2

### T.Y.B.Sc Mathematics

Semester	Paper Code	Title of Paper	No. of Credits
V	MAT3501	Metric Spaces	3
	MAT3502	Real Analysis I	3
	MAT3503	Problem Course based on MAT3501 & MAT3502	2
	MAT3504	Group Theory	3
	MAT3505	Ordinary Differential Equation	3
	MAT3506	Problem Course based on MAT3504 & MAT3505	2
	MAT3507	Operation Research	3
	MAT3508	Number Theory	3
	MAT3509	Practical based on MAT3507 & MAT3508	2
VI	MAT3601	Complex Analysis	3
	MAT3602	Real Analysis II	3
	MAT3603	Problem Course based on MAT3601 & MAT3602	2
	MAT3604	Ring Theory	3
	MAT3605	Partial Differential Equation	3
	MAT3606	Problem Course based on MAT3604 & MAT3605	2
	MAT3607	Optimization Techniques	3
	MAT3608	Lebesgue Integration	3
	MAT3609	Practical based on MAT3607 & MAT3608	2
	MAT3610	Project	2

**SYLLABUS (CBCS) FOR S. Y. B. Sc. MATHEMATICS  
(w.e.f. June, 2020)**

**Academic Year 2020-2021**

**Class** : S.Y. B. Sc. (Semester- IV)  
**Paper Code** : MAT2401  
**Paper** : I **Title of Paper:** Linear Algebra  
**Credit** : 3 **No. of lectures:** 48

**TOPICS/ CONTENT:**

**Unit 01: Vector Spaces** [14 lectures]

- Definitions and Examples.
- Vector Subspaces.
- Linear Independence.
- Basis and Dimensions of a Vector Space.
- Row and Column Spaces of a matrix.
- Row rank and Column rank.

**Unit 02: Linear Transformations** [12 lectures]

- Linear Transformation, representation by a matrix.
- Kernel and Image of a Linear Transformation.
- Rank-Nullity theorem.
- Linear Isomorphism.
- $L(V, W)$  is a vector space. Dimension of  $L(V, W)$  (Statement only)

**Unit 03: Inner Product spaces:** [16 lectures]

- The Euclidean space and dot product.
- General inner product spaces.
- Orthogonality, Orthogonal projection onto a line, Orthogonal basis.
- Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization.
- Orthogonal Transformation.

**Unit 04: Eigen values and Eigen vectors:** [6 lectures]

- Rotation of axes of conics.
- Eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

**Text Book:**

S. Kumaresan , Linear Algebra: A Geometric Approach, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, Chapters: 2, 4, 5 (excluding Arts 4.4.10 -4.4.12, 5.3. 5.6, 5.7, 5.9), 7.1, 7.2.

**Reference Books:**

- (1) M. Artin, Algebra, Prentice Hall of India , New Delhi, (1994).
- (2) K. Hoffmann and R. Kunze Linear Algebra, Second Ed. Prentice Hall of India
- (3) S. Lang, Introduction to Linear Algebra, Second Ed. Springer-Verlag, New York,.
- (4) A. Ramchandra Rao and P. Bhimasankaran, Linear Algebra, Tata McGraw Hill, New.
- (5) G. Schay, Introduction to Linear Algebra, Narosa, New Delhi, (1998).
- (6) L. Smith, Linear Algebra, Springer –Verlag, New York, (1978).
- (7) G. Strang, Linear Algebra and its Applications. Third Ed. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich,
- (8) T. Banchoff and J. Werner, Linear Algebra through Geometry. Springer-Verlag
- (9) H. Anton and C. Rorres, Elementary Linear Algebra with Applications, Seventh Ed., Wiley, (1994)

**Class** : S.Y. B. Sc. (Semester- IV)  
**Paper Code** : MAT2402  
**Paper** : II **Title of Paper:** Multivariable Calculus - II  
**Credit** : 2 **No. of lectures:** 48

**TOPICS/ CONTENT:**

**Unit 01: Line Integral** [16 lectures]

- Introduction, Paths and line integrals
- Other notations for line integrals, Basic properties of line integrals
- The concept of work as a line integral, Line integral with respect to arc length
- Further applications of line integrals
- Open connected sets. Independence of the path
- The second fundamental theorem of calculus for line integral
- The first fundamental theorem of calculus for line integral
- Necessary and sufficient condition for a vector field to be a gradient

**Unit 02: Multiple Integrals** [16 lectures]

- Introduction, Partitions of rectangles, step functions
- The double integral of a step function
- The definition of the double integral of a function defined and bounded on a rectangle, Upper and lower double integrals
- Evaluation of a double integral by repeated one dimensional integration
- Geometrical interpretation of the double integral as a volume
- Integrability of continuous functions, Integrability of bounded functions with discontinuities, Double integral extended over more general regions
- Applications to area and volume, Green's theorem in the plane
- Green's theorem for multiply connected regions

**Unit 03: Surface Integrals** [16 lectures]

- Parametric representation of a surface, The fundamental vector product
- The fundamental vector product as a normal to the surface
- Area of a parametric surface, Surface integrals
- Change of parametric representation, Other notations for surface integrals
- The theorem of Stokes, The curl and divergence of a vector field
- Further properties of the curl and divergence, Reconstruction of a vector field from its curl, The Gauss divergence theorem (without proof)

**Text Book:**

Tom M. Apostol, Calculus Vol. II, John Wiley, New York (Second Edition)  
Chapters: 10, 11 and 12

**Reference Books:**

- 1) G. B. Thomas, Thomas' Calculus, Pearson Edition 2012.
  - 2) Basic Multivariable Calculus, J. E. Marsden, A. J. Tromba, A. Weinstein, Springer
  - 3) Shanti Narayan, R.K. Mittal, A Text-book of Vector Calculus, S. Chand and Company.
  - 4) D.V. Widder, Advanced Calculus (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition), Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
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**Class** : S.Y. B. Sc. (Semester- IV)  
**Paper Code** : MAT2403  
**Paper** : III **Title of Paper:** Practical Based on MAT2401 & MAT2402  
**Credit** : 2 **No. of lectures:** 48

**TOPICS/ CONTENT:**

**Title of experiments:**

Linear Algebra

- Vector Spaces I
- Vector Space II
- Linear Transformation
- Inner Product Spaces
- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors
- Numerical Analysis methods II
- Use of software to study Linear Algebra

Multivariable Calculus II

- Line Integral
  - Multiple Integral
  - Greens Theorem
  - Surface Integral
  - Stokes Theorem and Divergence Theorem
  - Numerical Analysis Problems II
  - Use of software to study Multivariable Calculus II
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Choice Based Credit System Syllabus (2019 Pattern)

**Class:** S.Y.B.Sc. (Semester – III)

**Course Code:** MAT 2401

**Course:** 1

**Credit:** 2

**Title of the Course:** Linear Algebra

**No. of Lectures:** 48

**Course Outcomes:**

C01 Students will able to understand the concepts of Vector space, linear transformation, Inner Product

C02 Students will able to understand algebraic and geometric representations of vectors  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and their operations, including addition, scalar multiplication and dot product.

C03 Students will able to find the null space of a matrix and span of independent vectors.

C04 Students will able to find basis and dimensions of finite dimensional Vector Spaces.

C05 Students will able to find the matrix of a linear transformation given bases of relevant vector spaces.

C06 Students will able to learn Inner product spaces and determine orthogonality in Inner product spaces.

C07 Students will able to apply this knowledge to various fields in engineering, statistics and computer science.

**Mapping of Program Outcomes with Course Outcomes**

**Class:** S.Y.B.Sc. (Sem IV)

**Subject:** Mathematics

**Course:** Linear Algebra

**Course Code:** MAT2401

**Weightage:** 1=weak or low relation, 2=moderate or partial relation, 3= strong or direct relation.

Course Outcomes	Programme Outcomes(POs)								
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9
CO 1	3	3		2		2			2
CO 2	3	3				2			2
CO 3	3	3				2			2
CO 4	3	3		2	3	2			2
CO 5	3	3		2		2			2
CO 6	3	3				2			2
CO 7	3	3		2	1	2			2

**Justification for the mapping**

**PO 1: Disciplinary Knowledge:**

All of these course outcomes (COs) contribute to the development of students disciplinary knowledge in mathematics. For example, CO1, CO2, CO3, CO5, CO6 requires student to

develop deep learning of vector spaces, linear transformation, inner product spaces. CO4 requires students to apply the concepts of linear algebra in many fields like engineering, statistics and computer science.

**PO2: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving:**

All of these course outcomes (COs) contribute to the development of students critical thinking and problem solving. For example, CO1, CO2 CO3, CO5 requires students to think critically and apply these to solve complex problems in various fields like engineering and physics. CO4, CO6 and CO7 requires to apply and construct logical proofs to solve real world problems.

**PO4: Research-related skills and Scientific temper:**

CO1, CO4, CO5, CO7 contribute to the development of students research related skills and scientific temper. For example, CO4 and CO7 requires students to develop their ability to think critically and apply knowledge to various fields. CO1 and CO5 requires students to apply knowledge of system of linear equations and inner product spaces and apply to solve real world problem.

**PO5: Trans-disciplinary Knowledge:**

CO4, CO7 requires students to apply linear algebra tools in various fields like Physics, Engineering and Computer science.

**PO6: Personal and professional competence:**

All COs contribute to development of personal and professional competences. For example, all COs requires students to approach and solve complex problem systematically.

**PO9: Self-directed and Life-long learning:**

All these course outcomes contribute to development of students ability to engage in self directed and life-long learning. For example, all COs requires students to develop their ability to learn new concepts, form a simple proof and apply them to new problem.

**Class:** S.Y.B.Sc. (Semester – IV)

**Course Code:** MAT 2402

**Course:** 2

**Credit:** 2

**Title of the Course:** Multivariable Calculus II

**No. of Lectures:** 48

**A) Course Objectives:**

1. To develop a solid understanding of double integrals over rectangles, including the techniques for evaluating them and their geometric interpretations.
2. To explore the concept of iterated integrals, enabling students to decompose complex regions and integrate over them using both the horizontal and vertical orders of integration.
3. To extend the knowledge to double integrals over general regions, allowing students to apply various coordinate transformations and choose appropriate integration bounds for non-rectangular domains.
4. Develop a deep understanding of triple integrals, enabling students to calculate volumes, masses, and other quantities in three-dimensional space.
5. Attain proficiency in utilizing cylindrical and spherical coordinates to simplify and solve complex integration problems, expanding the scope of applications in three-dimensional calculus.
6. Understand the fundamental concepts and properties of vector fields, including vector operations, divergence, curl, and the interpretation of vector fields in physical contexts.
7. Develop proficiency in computing line integrals, applying various techniques to evaluate path-dependent quantities in vector fields, and interpreting their significance in real-world applications.
8. Develop a solid comprehension of the concepts of curl and divergence in vector fields.
9. Learn methods for computing surface areas of parametric surfaces and apply them in diverse contexts.
10. Understand the principles of Stoke's theorem and the divergence theorem, and be able to apply them to evaluate line integrals, flux, and volume integrals.

**B) Course Outcomes:**

1. Students will be able to compute double integrals over rectangles, demonstrating proficiency in setting up and evaluating integrals in Cartesian coordinates for various functions and geometric regions.
2. Students will have the capability to apply polar coordinates for double integrals, enabling them to analyze and evaluate functions in circular and sectorial regions, and understand the advantages of this coordinate system in certain scenarios.
3. Students will be able to set up and evaluate triple integrals over general regions in Cartesian, cylindrical, and spherical coordinates, demonstrating proficiency in solving problems related to volume, mass, and other physical quantities.
4. Students will demonstrate the ability to seamlessly transition between Cartesian, cylindrical, and spherical coordinate systems, selecting the most appropriate system for a given problem. They will apply these skills to solve a range of real-world problems, including those involving irregularly shaped objects and regions.



5. Students will be able to analyze and manipulate vector fields, demonstrating a solid grasp of vector operations, divergence, and curl, and their respective applications in physics and engineering.
6. Upon completion of the course, students will be capable of effectively utilizing line integrals to calculate quantities such as work, circulation, and flux, and will understand the geometric interpretations and practical implications of these computations.
7. Students will be able to identify and calculate curl and divergence for various vector fields, enabling them to analyze the behavior of physical systems governed by these vector fields.
8. Students will demonstrate proficiency in computing areas of parametric surfaces and will be able to apply Stoke's theorem and the divergence theorem to solve problems related to flux, circulation, and volume integrals.

### Mapping of Program Outcomes with Course Outcomes

**Class:** SYBSc (Sem IV)

**Subject:** Mathematics

**Course:** Multivariable Calculus II

**Course Code:** MAT 2402

**Weightage:** 1= weak or low relation, 2= moderate or partial relation, 3= strong or direct relation

Course Outcomes	Programme Outcomes (POs)								
	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9
CO 1	3	3							
CO 2	3	3			1			1	
CO 3	3	3		1	1			1	
CO 4	3	2							
CO 5	3	3							
CO 6	3	3							
CO 7	3	3							
CO 8	3	3							

### Justification for the mapping

**PO1: Disciplinary Knowledge**

CO1: Student will demonstrate proficiency in setting up and evaluating double integrals over rectangles in Cartesian coordinates, showcasing their ability to apply disciplinary knowledge to compute areas and volumes for various functions and geometric regions.

CO2: Mastering polar coordinates for double integrals equips student to proficiently analyze circular and sectorial regions, providing a powerful tool for mathematical modeling and problem-solving in diverse scientific and engineering fields.

CO3: Student will gain the ability to apply advanced mathematical techniques in Cartesian, cylindrical, and spherical coordinates to solve real-world problems involving volume, mass, and other physical quantities, showcasing their mastery of Disciplinary Knowledge.

CO4: Student will master diverse coordinate systems, facilitating informed choices between Cartesian, cylindrical, and spherical systems for efficient problem-solving, particularly in real-world scenarios with complex geometries, enhancing their disciplinary knowledge.

CO5: Student will acquire a proficient understanding of vector operations, divergence, and curl, enabling them to effectively analyze and manipulate vector fields for practical applications in physics and engineering disciplines.

CO6: Student will master line integrals, grasping both their geometric significance and practical utility across disciplines, by engaging in rigorous mathematical coursework that equips them to calculate work, circulation, and flux with precision.

CO7: Student can identify and calculate curl and divergence for vector fields, facilitating the analysis of physical systems by providing insights into their rotational and divergent properties.

CO8: Mastering parametric surfaces, Stoke's theorem, and the divergence theorem equips student with the tools to effectively analyze flux, circulation, and volume integrals, enhancing their grasp of advanced vector calculus concepts within disciplinary knowledge.

### **PO2: Critical Thinking and Problem Solving**

CO1: Student will develop the ability to apply critical thinking and problem-solving skills in computing double integrals over rectangles, demonstrating proficiency in setting up and evaluating integrals in Cartesian coordinates for diverse functions and geometric regions, enhancing their mathematical problem-solving capabilities.

CO2: Student will acquire the ability to apply polar coordinates for double integrals, facilitating the analysis and evaluation of functions in circular and sectorial regions, thereby enhancing their problem-solving skills by harnessing the advantages of this coordinate system in scenarios that exhibit radial symmetry.

CO3: Student will develop a versatile mathematical skillset, enabling them to efficiently analyze complex three-dimensional geometries and apply integral calculus to solve real-world problems involving volume, mass, and other physical quantities.

CO4: Student will master coordinate system transitions to tackle real-world problems effectively by choosing the most suitable system, enhancing their critical thinking and problem-solving abilities.

CO5: Studying vector fields enhances critical thinking and problem-solving skills by enabling student to proficiently analyze and manipulate vector operations, divergence, and curl, essential for tackling complex problems in physics and engineering.

CO6: Studying line integrals enhances students' analytical thinking by providing them with a powerful mathematical tool to quantify and understand physical phenomena, such as work, circulation, and flux, allowing for deeper insight into real-world applications and geometric interpretations.

CO7: Studying curl and divergence equips student with essential tools to analyze and understand the dynamic behavior of vector fields, enhancing their critical thinking and problem-solving abilities in the realm of physical systems.

CO8: Student will demonstrate proficiency in computing areas of parametric surfaces and applying Stoke's theorem and the divergence theorem to solve problems related to flux, circulation, and volume integrals in order to develop advanced problem-solving skills essential for real-world applications in various fields.

### **PO4: Research-related skills and Scientific temper**

CO3: Mastering triple integrals in diverse coordinates enhances precision in complex geometry analysis, enabling accurate calculations of volume, mass, and crucial physical properties for research, nurturing a robust scientific mindset.

**PO5: Trans-disciplinary Knowledge**

CO2: Mastering polar coordinates for double integrals empowers student to proficiently analyze functions in circular and sectorial regions, providing a versatile tool applicable across various disciplines for more efficient problem-solving and analysis.

CO3: Student will acquire the ability to apply triple integrals in various coordinate systems, enabling them to analyze complex regions and calculate volume, mass, and diverse physical properties across disciplines.

**PO8: Environment and Sustainability**

CO2: Proficiency in applying polar coordinates for double integrals empowers student to effectively analyze and evaluate functions in circular and sectorial regions, providing a crucial tool for addressing environmental and sustainability challenges that often exhibit inherent rotational symmetry.

CO3: Proficiency in setting up and evaluating triple integrals in various coordinate systems enables student to accurately analyze and quantify volume, mass, and other essential physical parameters, facilitating informed decision-making for environmental and sustainability concerns.

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