Anekant Education Society's Tuljaram Chaturchand College of Arts, Science & Commerce, Baramati, (Autonomous College)

Department of Political Science M.A. Part- II, Semester- III & IV Syllabus

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part- II, Semester-III & IV (40 - 60 pattern to be Implemented from 2020-2021)

Anekant Education Society's Tuljaram Chaturchand College of Arts, Science & Commerce, Baramati, (Autonomous College)

Department of Political Science

M.A. Part- II, Semester- III Syllabus

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part- II, Semester-III

Semester	Paper Code	Paper	Title of Paper	No. of Credits
Ш	POL- 5301	9	POLITICAL THINKING IN MODERN INDIA	4
III	POL- 5302	10	POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	4
III	POL-5303	11	THEORY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	4
III	POL-5304	12	INDIAN ADMINISTRATION	4

(40 - 60 pattern to be Implemented from 2020-2021)

Anekant Education Society's Tuljaram Chaturchand College of Arts, Science & Commerce, Baramati, (Autonomous College)

Department of Political Science

M.A. Part- II, Semester- IV Syllabus

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part- II, Semester-IV

Semester	Paper Code	Paper	Title of Paper	No. of Credits
IV	POL-5401	13	TRADITIONS OF POLITICAL THOUGHT	4
IV	POL- 5402	14	POLITICAL PROCESS IN INDIA	4
IV	POL-5403	15	POLITICAL PARTICIPATION	4
IV	POL- 5404	16	PARTY SYSTEM IN INDIA	4

(40 - 60 pattern to be Implemented from 2020-2021)

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part –II, Semester -III

(w.e. from June, 2020)

Academic Year 2020 – 2021

Class : M.A. Political Science -II Paper Code: POL- 5301

Paper: 9 Title of Paper: POLITICAL THINKING IN MODERN INDIA

Credit: 4 No. of Lectures: 40

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course introduces the student to the key ideas of political thinking in modern India as it shaped in the colonial context. The course is woven around ideas/ issues and not around individual thinkers.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students will be encouraged to understand and decipher the diverse and often contesting ways in which ideas of nationalism, democracy and social transformation were discussed by leading Indian thinkers.

Topics/ Contents:

Semester- III	Period
Unit:1. Imagining the Modern: Rammohan Roy, Nehru:	(7 L)
Unit: 2. The idea of the nation: Tilak, Azad	(7 L)
Unit: 3. Democracy: Ambedkar, Gandhi	(6 L)
Unit: 4. Liberty, Equality, Justice: Lohia, Periyar	(7 L)
Unit: 5. Economic Transformation and Development: M N Roy, Nehru	(7 L)
Unit: 6. Swarajya and Sarvodaya: Gandhi, Jayprakash Narayan	(6 L)

Readings:

Reference Book:-

- 1. Appadorai A., 1987, *Indian Political Thinking in the 20th Century*, New Delhi, South Asian Publishers
- 2. Mahendra Pratap Singh, 2011, Indian Political Thought and Thinkers, Pearson Education
- 3. Bholay Bhaskar Laxman, 2003, *Aadhunik Bhartiya Rajkiya Vichar*, (Marathi), Nagpur, Pimplapure Publishers
- 4. Guha Ramchandra, 2010, Makers of Modern India, New Delhi, Penguin/Viking
- 5. Lohia Rammanohar, 1976, *Marx, Gandhi and Socialism*, Hyderabad, Scientific Socialist Educational Trust,
- 6. Mehta V R, 1996, Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar
- 7. Mehta V R and Thomas Pantham (eds.), 2006, *Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations*, New Delhi, Sage
- 8. Pantham Thomas and Kenneth Deutsch (eds.), 1986, *Political Thought in Modern India*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 9. Rodrigues Valerian (ed.), 2002, The Essential Writings of B R Ambedkar, New Delhi, OUP
- 10. Singh Aakash and Silika Mohapatra (eds.), 2010, *Indian Political Thought: A Reader*, New Delhi, Routledge

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part –II, Semester -III

(w.e. from June, 2020)

Academic Year 2020 – 2021

Class : M.A. Political Science -II Paper Code: POL- 5302

Paper : 10 Title of Paper: Political Sociology

Credit: 4 No. of Lectures: 40

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This Course will introduce the overall scope of the sub-discipline of political sociology. The focus of the course will be on the political sociology of power. The emphasis is on the nature of power in modern societies—more in the form of organizations and social formations than as individual power.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students are also expected to understand different forms of justifications of power and the role of ideology in this regard. State will be studied as a repository of power in society while class and patriarchy are two instances of how the nature of power is shaped by social factors.

Semester- III Unit:1. Meaning and Intellectual Foundations of Political Sociology	Period (7 L)
1.1 Origins	
1.2 Legacy of Marx and Weber	
Unit: 2. Power and Authority	(7 L)
2.1. Meaning and Nature of Power and Authority,	
2.2. Sources of Power and Authority	
Unit: 3. Ideology and Hegemony:	(6 L)
3.1. Role of Ideology and End of Ideology Debate	
3.2. Meaning of Hegemony	
Unit: 4. State, Military and Bureaucracy	(7 L)
4.1. State and Globalization	
4.2. Military and Bureaucracy as Apparatuses of State	
Unit: 5. Class	(7 L)
5.1. Meaning and Nature	
5.2. Criticisms of Marx's Class Model	
Unit: 6. Patriarchy	(6 L)
6.1. Meanings of the Term	
6.2. Caste, Race, Religion and Patriarchy	

- 1. Samir Dasgupta, 2013, Political Sociology, Pearson Education
- 2. Christenson R. et al, 1971, Ideologies in Modern Politics, Melbourne, Nelson
- 3. Coser Lewis (ed.), 1967, Political Sociology: Selected Essays, N.Y., Harper & Row
- 4. Dahl R.A., 1977, Modern Political Analysis, New Delhi, Prentice Hall
- 5. Geetha V., 2007, Patriarchy, Calcutta, Stree.
- 6. Krislov Samuel, 1974, Representative Bureaucracy, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., Prentice-Hall
- 7. Milner Andrew, 1999, Class, London, Sage
- 8. Pierson Christopher, 2004, The Modern State, London, Routledge
- 9. Smith, B.C. 2003, Understanding Third World Politics, London, Palgrave-Macmillan; 2nd edn.
- 10. Verma S.P., 1982, Modern Political Theory, Delhi, Vikas
- 11. Wasburn P.C., 1982, Politics and Society, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice Hall

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Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part –II, Semester -III

(w.e. from June, 2019)

Academic Year 2020 – 2021

Class: M.A. Political Science –II Paper Code: POL- 5303

Paper : 11 Title of Paper: Theory of International Relations

Credit: 4 No. of Lectures: 40

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course introduces the students to the evolution and important theories. Students need a brief history of international politics to understand why we study the subject and how current scholarship is informed by what preceded it.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Theories provide interpretative frameworks for understanding what is happening in the world and the levels of analysis. Competing theories are presented.

Topics/ Contents:

Semester- III	Period
Unit: 1. Introduction: The end of the Cold war,	(7 L)
the Classical tradition and International Change	
Unit: 2. Realism, Liberalism, Marxism	
Unit: 3. Behaviouralism and Systemic Explanations, Structure and Polarity	(6 L)
Unit:4. Geopolitical and Conflict Theories	(7 L)
Unit: 5. Positivist and Post Positivist debates	(7 L)
5.1. Critical Theory, Post-Modernism	
5.2. Constructivism and Normative theory.	
Unit: 6. New Issues – Environment, Gender.	(6 L)

- 1. Brown, Chris and Ainley, Hirstein., 2010, Understanding International Relations, New York, Palgrave
- 2. Aneek Chateriee, 2012, International Relations Today: Concepts and Applications, Pearson Education
- 3. Burchill, Scott et al 2009, Theories of International Relations, New York, Palgrave.
- 4. Chan, Stephen and Cerwyn Moore, (Eds) 2006, Theories of International Relations Vol 1 to, London,
- 5. Dougharty, James E. and Robert L. Pfaltgraff Jr. 2009, *Contending Theories of International Relations*, New York, Longman
- 6. Doyle, Michael W. and G. John Ikenberry, (Ed) 1999, *New Thinking in International Relations Theory*, Boulder, Westview Press
- 7. Jackson, Robert and Georg Sorensen, 2010, *Introduction to International Relations Theories and Approaches* (IV Edn) New-York, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Mingst, Karen A and Ivan .M. Arreguin-Toft 2011, *Essential Readings in World Politics* New York, W.W. Norton and Co.
- 9. Ray, Ashwini K., 2004, Western Realism and International Relations- A Non-Western view Delhi, Foundation Books
- 10. Viotti, Paul R. and Mark. V. Kauppi, 2011, International Relations Theory—Realism,

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part -II, Semester -III

(w.e. from June, 2020)

Academic Year 2020 – 2021

Class: M.A. Political Science –II Paper Code: POL- 5304

Paper: 12 Title of Paper: Indian Administration

Credit: 4 No. of Lectures: 40

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The purpose of this course is to provide students with broad understanding of key dimensions of Indian Administration functioning at different levels.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

The objective of the course is to help students to understand and analyze the administrative reforms introduced recently to make administration people-centric and to what extent that goal has been realized.

Semester- III Unit: 1. Evolution	Period (7 L)
1.1. Colonial Legacy	
1.2. Context: Value premises, Parliamentary Democracy, Federalism1.3. Central Administration	
Unit: 2. Central Administration	(7 L)
2.1. President - Role and Responsibilities2.2. Prime Minister, Prime Minister's Office (PMO)2.2. Central Secretariat	
Unit: 3. State Administration	(6 L)
3.1. Governor- Role and Responsibilities3.2. Chief Minister and Council of Ministers3.3. State Secretariat	
Unit: 4. Restructuring Indian Administration 4.1. Civil Service 4.2. Reform in the Context of Liberalization	(7 L)
4.3. New Regulatory Institutions Unit: 5. Citizen Centric Administration	(7 L)
5.1. Citizens' Charter 5.2. Right to Information (RTI) 5.3. E-Governance	(, 2)
Unit: 6. Challenges Before Indian administration	(6 L)
6.1. Governance Challenges	,
6.2. Socio-Economic Challenges	
6.3. Political Challenges	

- 1. Ahuja Kanta and A.K. Ojha (ed.), 2008, Governance and Reforms, Jaipur; Aalekh Publishers
- 2. Arora Ramesh K. and Rajni Goyal, 1996, *Indian Public Administration: Institutions and Issues*, New Delhi; Vishwa Prakashan
- 3.Das S.K., 1998, Civil Service Reforms and Structural Adjustment, New Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 4. Debroy Bibek (ed.), 2004, Agenda for Improving Governance, New Delhi; Academic Foundation
- 5. Jain L.C. (ed.), 2005, Decentralization and Local Governance, New Delhi; Orient Longman
- 6. Jain R.B., 2002, *Public Administration in India: 21st Century Challenges for Good Governance*, New Delhi; Deep & Deep Publications.
- 7. Kapur Devesh and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (ed.), 2005, *Public Institutions in India*, New Delhi; Oxford University Press.
- 8. Maheshwari S.R., 2009, Indian Administration, New Delhi; Orient Blackswan, 6th Edition.
- 9. Prasad Kamala, 2006, *Indian Administration: Politics, Policies and Prospects*, Delhi; Dorling Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. Singh Hoshiar, 2001, Indian Administration, New Delhi; Kitab Mahal

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part –II, Semester -IV

(w.e. from June, 2020)

Academic Year 2020 - 2021

Class: M.A. Political Science –II Paper Code: POL- 5401

Paper: 13 Title of Paper: Traditions of Political Thought

Credit: 4 No. of Lectures: 40

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This Course is meant to serve as a window on the major traditions of thought that have shaped political discourse in different parts of the world over the last three millennia. It stresses the great diversity of social contexts and philosophical visions that have informed the ideas of key political thinkers across epochs.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

The chief objective is to project the history of political thought as a series of critical, interconnected and open-ended conversations about the ends and means of the good life.

Topics/ Contents:

Semester- IV	Period
Unit: 1. Ancient Era: Confucius, Plato	(7 L)
Unit: 2. Medieval Era: Abu Nasr al - Farabi, Thomas Aquinas	(7 L)
Unit: 3. Early Modern Era: Niccolo Machiavelli, John Locke	(6 L)
Unit: 4. Modern Era: Jean-Jacques Rousseau, G. W. F. Hege	(7 L)
Unit: 5. Industrial Era: John Stuart Mill, Karl Marx	(7 L)
Unit: 6. Colonial Era: M. K. Gandhi, Frantz Fanon	(6 L)

- 1. Adams Ian and R. W Dyson, 2004, Fifty Great Political Thinkers, London, Routledge.
- 2. Benewick Robert and Philip Green (eds.), 1998, *The Routledge Dictionary of Twentieth- Century Political Thinkers*, London, Routledge.
- 3. Boucher David and Paul Kelly, 2003, *Political Thinkers*, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- 4. Dole N. Y., 2009. Rajakiya Vicharacha Itihas, Pune, Continental Prakashan.
- 5. Jha Shefali, 2010, Western Political Thought: From Plato to Marx, Delhi, Pearson.
- 6. Mehta V. R., 1996, Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar.
- 7. Nelson Brian, 2004, Western Political Thought, Delhi, Pearson Education.
- 8. Parel Anthony and Ronald Keith (eds.), 2003, *Comparative Political Philosophy: Studies under the Upas Tree*, Lanham, Lexington Books.
- 9. Rege M. P., 1974, Pashchatya Nitishastracha Itihas, Pune, Samaj Prabodhan Sanstha.
- 10. Sabine G. H., 1971, A History of Political Theory, Calcutta, Oxford & I.B.H.

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part -II, Semester -IV

(w.e. from June, 2020)

Academic Year 2019 – 2020

Class: M.A. Political Science –II Paper Code: POL- 5402

Paper: 14 Title of Paper: Political Process in India

Credit: 4 No. of Lectures: 40

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will introduce to the student the key issues and details of the political process in post independence India. It will also try to develop among students a perspective to understand and analyse Indian politics.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

The aim is to help students understand the expansive meaning of political process as it shapes in the arena of electoral and party politics, in the form of mass mobilizations and as politics of interests.

Semester- IV	Period
Unit: 1. Overview of Electoral Politics	(7 L)
1.1.1951-1989	
1.2.1989-2014	
1.3.2014 - Till	
Unit: 2. Nature of Party System	(7 L)
2.1. One Party Dominance	
2.2. Competitive Multi Party System	
2.3. Regional Party Influence	
Unit: 3. Politics of Regionalism	(6 L)
3.1. Politics of Language	
3.2. Issues of Autonomy and Ethnicity	
3.3. Inter- State Disputes	
Unit: 4. Role of Caste in Indian Politics	(7 L)
4.1. Scheduled Cast Politics	
4.2. OBC Politics	
4.3. Limitations of Caste Politics	
Unit: 5. Political Economy	(7 L)
5.1. Concept and Meaning	
5.2. Economical Reforms	
5.2. Inequalities and Redistribution	
Unit: 6. Politics of Mass Mobilizations	(6 L)
6.1. Naxalite Movements	
6.2. Farmers' Movements	
6.3. NGOs	

- 1. Brass Paul,1990, *Politics of India since Independence*, New Delhi, Foundation Books (Indian edition)
- 2.Bholay Bhaskar Laxman, 2003, *Bhartiya Ganarajyache Shasan and Rajkaran* (Marathi), Nagpur, Pimplapure and Co.
- 3. Chandra Bipan, Aditya Mukherjee and Mridula Mukherjee, 2009 (second revised edition), *India after Independence*, New Delhi, Penguin Books
- 4. Corbridge Stuart and John Harriss, 2000, Reinventing India, New Delhi, OUP
- 5. Frankel Francine, Zoya Hasan, Rajeev Bhargava, Balveer Arora (eds), 2000, *Transforming India*, New Dellhi, OUP
- 6. Guha Ramchandra, 2007, India after Gandhi, New Delhi, Picador
- 7. Hasan Zoya (ed), 2002, Parties and Party Politics in India, New Delhi, OUP
- 8. Jayal Nirja Gopal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds), 2010, *The Oxford Companion toPolitics in India*, New Delhi, OUP
- 9. Kaviraj Sudipta, 2010, The Imaginary Institution of India, New Delhi, Permanent Black
- 10. Kaviraj Sudipta, 2010, The Enchantment of Democracy and India, New Delhi, Permanent Black
- 11. Kaviraj Sudipta, 2010, The Trajectories of the Indian State, New Delhi, Permanent Black
- 12. Kohli Atul (ed), 2001, *The Success of India's Democracy*, Cambridge, CUP (paperback edition)
- 13. Palshikar Suhas, 2004, Samkaleen Bhartiya Rajkaran (Marathi), Pune, Pratima Prakashan
- 14. Shah Ghanshyam (ed), 2004, Caste and Democratic Politics in India, New Delhi, Permanent Black
- 15. Vora Rajendra and Suhas Palshikar (eds), 2004, *Indian Democracy: Meanings and Practices*, New Delhi, Sage

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part –II, Semester -IV

(w.e. from June, 2020)

Academic Year 2020 – 2021

Class: M.A. Political Science –II Paper Code: POL- 5403

Paper: 15 Title of Paper: Political Participation

Credit: 4 No. of Lectures: 40

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course is a continuation of the study of power. Political action is seen as integrally related to search for and justifications of power. Political socialization is the process that shapes the durable set of attitudes and beliefs which affect nature and extent of participation. Public opinion also shapes political activity.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

The course expects that students will go beyond the study of routine participation and understand the relevance of collective action in the form of social movements and/or collective violence.

Semester- III	Period
Unit: 1. Political Socialization and Political Culture:	(7 L)
1.1. Meaning and Definition	
1.2. Political Socialization	
1.3 Political Culture	
Unit: 2. Public Opinion:	(7 L)
2.1. Meaning and Definition	
2.2. Nature	
2.3 Media and Public Opinion	
Unit: 3. Political participation	(6 L)
3.1. Meaning and Definition	
3.2 Types of Political Participation	
3.3. Determinants of Political Participation	
Unit: 4. Women's Participation	(7 L)
4.1. Meaning and Definition	
4.2 Women's Reservation	
4.3. Fair Participation of Women in Politics	
Unit: 5. Social Movements	(7 L)
5.1. Meaning and Definition	
5.2. Typologies	
5.3. New Social Movements	
Unit: 6. Collective Violence	(6 L)
6.1. Meaning and Definition	
6.2 Violence as Participation	
6.3. Types of Collective Violence	

- 1. Bennett (1993). Constructing publics and their opinions. *Political Communication*
- 2. Dahlerup Drude, (ed.) 2007, Women Quotas and Politics, London & NY, Routledge
- 3. Foweraker Joe, 1995, Theorizing Social Movements, London, Pluto Press
- 4. Janoski Thomas, Robert Alford et al (eds), 2005, The Handbook of Political Sociology, Cambridge
- 5. Kavanagh Dennis, 1983, Political Science and Political Behaviour, London, George Allen and Unwin
- 6. Tilly Charles, 2003, The Politics of Collective Violence, Cambridge, CUP
- 7. Verma S.P., 1982, Modern Political Theory, Delhi, Vikas
- 8. Wasburn P.C., 1982, Politics and Society, 1982, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. Prentice Hall

Course Structure for M.A. Political Science Part -II, Semester -IV

(w.e. from June, 2019)

Academic Year 2020 – 2021

Class: M.A. Political Science –II Paper Code: POL- 5404

Paper: 16 Title of Paper: Party System in India

Credit: 4 No. of Lectures: 40

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course introduces students to the nature of party system in India and to the Functioning of main political parties operating in the system.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

The course will also acquaint students with analytical perspectives on party politics in India.

Semester- IV	Period
Unit: 1. Early Phase of Party Politics 1.1.Nationalist Movement	(7 L)
1.2 Issues of Representation	
1.3 Party Politics up to 1950	
Unit: 2. Congress 2.1. Congress Dominance	(7 L)
2.2. Decline of the Congress	
2.3. Congress Resurgence	
Unit: 3. BJP 3.1. Historical Background	(6 L)
3.2. BJP Politics Before 2014	
3.3. BJP's Politics After 2014	
Unit: 4. Other Parties 4.1. Left Parties 4.2. BSP 4.3 NCP	(7 L)
Unit: 5. State Parties 5.1. Rise of Regional Parties	(7 L)
5.2. Role of Regional Parties	
 5.3 Shivsena, Akali Dal, DMK Unit: 6. Perspectives on Party Politics in India 6.1. Meaning and Definition 6.2 Dominant Party System 	(6 L)
6.3 Convergence Party System	

- 1. De Souza Peter Ronald and E. Sridharan (eds.), 2006, India's Political Parties, New Delhi, Sage
- 2. Harman Horst, 1977, Political Parties in India, Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan.
- 3. Hasan Zoya (ed.), 2002, Parties and Party Politics in India, Delhi, OUP.
- 4. Prasad Nageshwar, 1980, *Ideology and Organization in Indian Politics*, Bombay, Allied Publishers.
- 5. Sisson Richard and Ramashray Roy (eds.), 1990, *Diversity and Dominance in Indian Politics*, New Delhi, Sage.
- 6. Suri K C, 2005, *Parties under Pressure: Political parties in India since Independence*, Delhi, Lokniti-CSDS, working paper .