

TuljaramChaturchand College, Baramati

Autonomous College

hree years degree programme in Geography

(Faculty of Science and Technology)

Revised Syllabus for

S.Y.B.A. Geography

ForTuljaramChaturchand College, Baramati

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus
To be implemented from Academic Year 2019-2020

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus
To be implemented from Academic Year 2020-2021

S. Y. B. A. GEOGRAPHY

Semester	Paper Code	Paper	Subject
III	GEO:2301	G2	Environmental Geography I
	GEO:2302	S 1	Geography of Maharashtra - I
	GEO:2303	S2	Practical Geography – I (Scale and Map Projections)
IV	GEO:2401	G2	Environmental Geography II
	GEO:2402	S 1	Geography of Maharashtra – II
	GEO:2403	S2	Practical Geography – II (CartographicTechniques,
			Surveying and Excursion / Village / ProjectReport)

S.Y.B.A. Geography (G2) Syllabus for Semester III Name of Subject: Environment Geography- I, Subject Code: GEO:2301

Objectives:

- 1. To create the awareness about dynamic environment among the student.
- 2. To acquaint the students with fundamental concepts of environment geography for development in differentareas.
- 3. The students should be ableto integrate various factors of Environmentand dynamic aspect of Environmentalgeography.
- 4. To make aware the students about the problems of environment, their utilization and conservation in the view of sustainabledevelopment

***** Topics and Learning points:

Lecture

Unit – 1: Introduction to Environmental Geography

12

- 1.1 Definition, Nature and scope of EnvironmentalGeography.
- 1.2 Types of Environment
- 1.3 Importance of Environmental Geography
- 1.4 Approaches to study of environmentalGeography

Unit – 2: Ecosystem

12

- 2.1 Meaning, concept and definition ofecosystem.
- 2.2Structure (Biotic and Abiotic factors) and food chain, Tropic Level, food web, energyflow
 - 2.3 Types ofecosystem
 - a) Equatorial Forest
- b) PondEcosystem

Unit – 3: Biodiversity and its conservation

12

- 3.1 Concept ofbiodiversity
- 3.2 Economic value and potential ofbiodiversity
- 3.3 Loss of biodiversity and hotspots inIndia
- 3.4 Conservation ofbiodiversity

Unit – 4: Environmental Pollution

12

- 4.1 Concept of Pollution
- 4.2 Air pollution-Causes, effects and controlmeasures
- 4.3 Water pollution-Causes, effects and controlmeasures
- 4.4 Soil pollution-Causes, effects and controlmeasures

Reference Book:

1. Miller G.T., 2004, Environmental Science Working with the Earth, Thomson Books Cole, Singapure

- 2. Saxena H.M., 2017, Environmental Geography(Ed III), RawatPublicastions, Jaipur
- 3. Odum E.P. et al. 2005, Fundamentals of Ecology, Ceneage Learning, India
- 4. Sharma P.D.2015, Ecology and Environment, RastogiPublications, Meerut
- 5. Kormondy, Edward J, 2012, Concept of Ecology, PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd,NewDelhi
- 6. Singh R.B.(Eds) 2009, Biogeography and Biodiversity, Rawat Publications, Jaipur
- 7. Singh S,Prayag, 1997, Environment Geography, PustakBhawan, Allahabad
- 8. Chandana R.C.2002, Environmental Geography, Kalyani Publication, Ludhiana
- 9. Goudie A, 2001, The Nature of The Environment, Blackwell, Oxford
- 10. Gholap T. N., 2000, Environment Science, Nishikant Publications, Pune.(Marathi)
- 11. Choudhar A.H., &et. al., 2014, Disaster Management, Atharva Publication, Pune. (Marathi)
- 12. Musmade A. H., More J. C. 2014, Geography of Disaster Management, Diamond Publication, Pune.(Marathi)
- 13. Saptarshi P. G., More J. C., Ugale V. R., 2009, Geography and Natural Hazads, Diamond Publishing, Pune.(Marathi)

S.Y.B.A. Geography (S1), Syllabus for Semester III

Name of Subject: Geography of Maharashtra-I Subject Code: GEO: 2302

Objectives:

- 1. To acquaint students with Geography of ourState.
- 2. To make students aware of the magnitude of problems and prospects inMaharashtra.
- 3. To help students understand the inter relationship between the subject and thesociety.
- 4. To help students understand the recent trends in regional studies

***** Topics and Learning points:

Lecture

Unit – 1: Administrative Set up of Maharashtra

1.1

Historical and Political Background of the state

- 1.2 Geographical location of State
- 1.3 AdjoiningStates
- 1.4AdministrativeDivisions

Unit – 2: Physical settings

12

- 2.1 Geological structure of Maharashtra
 - 2.2 Physical Structure (Mountain, plateau, Plains)
 - 2.3 Drainage Pattern (East and West flowingrivers)
 - 2.4 Major Soil types and Distribution

Unit – 3: Climate

12

3.1 Climatic Regions

ofMaharashtra

- 3.2 Distribution of Rainfall
- 3.3 Draught prone areas- Problems and Management
- 3.4 Flood areas ProblemsandManagement

Unit – 4: Resources

12

4.1

Water:Problems in Utilization and conservation

- 4.2 Forest: Types and Conservation
 - 4.3 Mineral; Iron ore, Manganese and Bauxite
 - 4.4 Power: Hydro, Thermal, Atomic

Reference Book:

- 1. Dikshit K.R., Maharashtra inMaps,
- 2. Deshpande C. D. ,Maharashtra
- 3. Sadhu Arun, Maharashtra, National BookTrust
- 4. Savadi A. B., Geography of Maharashtra: NiraliPrakashan,Pune.
- 5. Dastane S., Maharashtra, Ramchandra and company, Pune
- 6. Sawadi A. B., The Mega State Series : Nirali Publication, Pune.
- 7. Maharashtra state AgriculturalAtlas
- 8. Karve I., Maharashtra its Land and people,
- 9. More J. C., 2014, Geography & Agriculture For MPSC Examination, Atharv Publication, Pune(Marathi)

S.Y.B.A. Geography (S2), Syllabus for Semester III

Name of Subject: Practical Geography – I (Scale and Map Projections)Subject Code: GEO: 2303

- 1) To enable the students to use various scale and projections used to crate maps.
- 2) To acquaint the students with basic of statistical data.
- ❖ Outcome: After study this paper students can able to identify any map scale and projection. They can also know which projection is suitable for given region.

Topics and Learning points:

Lecture 16

Unit – 1: Maps and Scales

- 1.1 Map: Meaning, Definition and Types.
- 1.2 Map Scale : Definition and Types
- 1.3 Conversion of Verbal scale to numeric and vice- versa (in British and Metric Systems)
- 1.4 Definition and types of scale
- 1.5 Construction simple graphical scale
- 1.6 Construction comparative graphical scale

Unit – 2: Map Projections

06

- 2.1 Definition and need of Map Projection
- 2.2 Basic Concepts of Projection: Latitude, Longitude, Parallel of latitude,

Meridian of longitude, Prime meridian, Equator, Direction, Calculation of time basis on meridian and GMT (Calculation of minimum two examples)

2.3 Classification of map projection based on method of construction developable surfaces used

Unit – 3: Zenithal Polar projection

12

Construction, Properties and Uses of

- 3.1 Zenithal Polar Gnomonic Projection
- 3.2 Zenithal Polar Stereographic Projection

Unit – 4: Conical Projection

12

Construction, Properties and Uses of

- 4.1 Projection with one standard parallel
- 4.2 Bonne's Projection

Unit – 5: Cylindrical projection

12

Construction, Properties and Uses of

- 5.1 Cylindrical equal area Projection.
 - 5.2 Mercator's Projection

Unit – 6: Conventional Map Projections

14

Construction, Properties and Uses of

- 6.1 Mollweide's Projection
- 6.2 Universe Transverse Mercator projection

Note :1. Use of stencils, log tables, computer and calculator is allowed.

- 2. Journal should be completed and duly certified by practical in-charge and Head of theDepartment.
- 3. Int. and Ext examiner should set jointly the question paper for eachbatch

Reference Books:

Singh Lehraj, (1973): Map Work and Practical Geography, Central Book Depot

 Allahabad

- 2. D. Y. Ahirrao and E. K. Karanjkhele, (2002): PratyakshikBhugol, SudarshanNashik
- 3. P. G. Saptarshi and S. R. Jog, StatisticalMethods
- 4. S. N. Karlekar, (2008): Statistical Methods, Diamond –Pune
- 5. T. P. Kanetkar and S. V. Kulkarni, (1986): Surveying and Leveling, Pune VidyrthiGrihaPrakashan– Pune
- 6. ArjunKumbhare, PracticalGeography
- 7. PijushkantiSaha&ParthaBasu.(2007), 'AdvancedPracticalGeography', BooksandA llied(P)Ltd, Kolkata