

QUESTION BANK
Academic Year 2019-2020

Class : M. Sc. I (Semester- I)
Paper Code : **MICRO4201**
Paper : II
Title of Paper : **Virology**
Credit : 4
No. of lectures : 60

Questions for 2 marks:

1. What are Prions?
2. What are primary cell lines?
3. Enlist immunodiagnostic tests used in detection of viruses.
4. Enlist types of antiviral agents.
5. What are adjuvants?
6. Enlist types of antiviral agents.
7. What are viroids?
8. Enlist types of symmetries?
9. What are the structural components of virus?
10. What is Phagocytosis?
11. What is Pinocytosis?
12. What is receptor-mediated Endocytosis?
13. Give any two names of Enveloped viruses.
14. Give any two names of Non-Enveloped viruses.
15. Give the applications of cell culture techniques.
16. What are semi-continuous cell cultures?
17. What are continuous cell cultures?
18. What are the various routes of inoculation of virus in egg?
19. Amniotic route of egg is used for the isolation of which viruses?
20. Chorioallantoic route of egg is used for the isolation of which viruses?
21. Allantoic route of egg is used for the isolation of which viruses?
22. Yolk sac route of egg is used for the isolation of which viruses?
23. What are the various routes of inoculation of virus in Animal?
24. Define TCID₅₀.
25. What is plaque assay?
26. Give the names of prion diseases.

27. Give the advantages of phage therapy.
28. What are the bacteriophages?
29. What is temperate phage?
30. What is lytic cycle?
31. What is lysogenic cycle?
32. Enlist different types of phage?
33. What is prophage?
34. Give the examples of edible vaccine.

Questions for 4 marks:

1. Give a comparative account of different forms of Nucleic Acids found in viruses.
2. Describe icosahedral symmetry in viral structure.
3. How are plant viruses cultivated?
4. Compare killed and attenuated viral vaccines.
5. Elaborate modern vaccines with suitable examples.
6. Explain mechanism of action of nucleotide analogues for controlling viruses.
7. What are Prions? How are they spread?
8. Give the fate of virus containing positive sense RNA.
9. Explain the significance of non-envelope proteins with examples.
10. What is the significance of capsid symmetry in viral structure determination?
11. Explain the use of microarray for diagnosis of viral infection.
12. Explain *In vivo* technique for cultivation of viruses.
13. Explain *In vitro* technique for cultivation of viruses using various cell cultures.
14. Explain hemagglutination test used in detection of viral infection.
15. Explain complement fixation test used in detection of viral infection.
16. Explain neutralization test used in detection of viral infection.
17. Write short note on bacteriophage therapy for control of bacterial poultry diseases.
18. Explain the mechanism of action of antiviral nucleotide analogues.
19. Explain the mechanism of action of antiviral nucleoside analogues.

20. Explain concept of peptide vaccines with example.
21. Explain the mechanism of action of anti-retroviral agents.
22. Diagrammatically illustrate any two capsid symmetries in viruses.
23. Diagrammatically illustrate and explain icosahedral capsid symmetry in viruses.
24. Describe morphology in phage M13.
25. Give short note on DNA vaccines.
26. Write a short note on translation from bicistronic mRNAs.

Questions for 6 marks:

1. What are Prions? How do they resemble with viruses?
2. Explain interaction between proteins and nucleic acid during replication of a virus.
3. Give significance of using experimental animals in cultivation of animal viruses.
4. Comment on: western blotting as a diagnostic tool in virology.
5. Justify: bacteriophage as therapeutic agent.
6. Explain switching of lysogenic cycle to lytic cycle in bacteriophage lambda.
7. Explain *In vivo* technique for cultivation of viruses.
8. Explain hemagglutination and hemagglutination inhibition tests used in detection of viral infection.
9. Explain genome organization and life cycle of T₇ phage.
10. Explain morphology and genome organization of M13 phage.
11. Explain the mechanism of action and drug resistance for any one anti-retroviral.
12. Comment on envelope proteins as structural components of viruses.
13. Elaborate mechanisms of adsorption of viruses on host cells.
14. Justify viral capsid have different symmetries.
15. What are primary cell lines? How are they used in cultivating animal viruses?
16. Enlist immunodiagnostic tests used in detection of viruses. Comment on Western blot technique.
17. Explain half leaf assay method in studying infectivity of plant viruses.
18. Elaborate various routes of inoculation of embryonated chicken egg in cultivation of viruses.
19. How does genome organization of bacteriophage lambda help it in determining its life cycle?
20. Explain lytic cycle of bacteriophage T₄.
21. Give comparative account of T_{od} and T_{even} phage.
22. What are adjuvants? Explain their role in formulating a vaccine.

23. Explain modern vaccines with suitable examples.
24. Explain the process of translation in the production of viral proteins.
25. Comment on: Types of Viral genomes.
26. Explain the process of replication and packaging of viral genome in infected cells.
27. Justify specific sites are used to cultivate viruses in embryonated chicken egg.
28. Explain how virion structure contributes in viral classification.
29. How does bacteriophage Lambda shift from lysogenic to lytic phase?
30. Enlist types of antiviral agents. Explain action of one type of antiviral agent.
31. What are immunomodulators? Explain their role in the formulation of viral vaccines.
32. Discuss the fate of virus containing positive sense RNA.
33. Explain the significance of envelope proteins with suitable example.
34. Elaborate on negative sense RNA as genome of viruses and explain the replication of these RNAs
35. Enlist various serological methods and describe any one method in detail for detection of viruses.
36. Explain the genome packaging of virus.
37. Describe the different capsid symmetry in viruses.
38. Mention the mechanism of viroid infection with examples.
39. Explain genome organization of M13.
40. Explain life cycle of T odd phages.

Questions for 12 marks:

1. Explain the mechanisms of virus entry into the cells. And give a short note on uncoating strategies.
2. Explain in brief entry of enveloped and non-enveloped viruses into cells with suitable examples.
3. Explain in brief transcription of virus genomes.
4. Explain in brief virus genome replication.
5. Explain translation of viral proteins and give note on co- and post-translational modification of proteins.
6. Explain protein nucleic acid interactions and genome packaging assembly, exit and maturation of progeny virus.
7. Explain *In ovo* and *In vivo* methods for cultivation of viruses.

8. Explain *In ovo* method for cultivation of viruses. And write short note on using various cell culture.
9. Explain hem- agglutination and hem- agglutination inhibition tests used in detection of viral infection.
10. Explain morphology, Genome organization and life cycle of T4 phage.
11. Explain morphology, Genome organization and life cycle of M13 phage.
12. Explain lytic and lysogenic cycle of lambda phage.
13. Explain morphology, Genome organization and life cycle of T7 phage.
14. Give concept of modern vaccines and explain in brief modern vaccines.
15. Explain the mechanism of action of any two antivirals.